2 Israeli soldiers wounded in Lebanon

MARJAYOUN (R) — Two Israeli soldiers were wounded in South Lebanon on Friday when guerrillas blasted their post with mortar bombs, security sources said. The soldiers were wounded — one moderately and one lightly — when guerrilla mortar fire hit their position at Sojoud hill on the edge of the "security zone" Israel occupies in South Lebanon, the sources added. Hizbollah (Party of God) claimed responsibility for the attack. The sources said guerrillas also fired mortars and anti-tank rockets at another hilltop Israeli post at Arnoun, 12 kilometres to the south, but there were no casualties Israeli and allied South Lebanon Army (SLA) militia gunners fired about 30 tank and beavy artillery shells into Iqlim Al Toufah mountain ridge, a bastion of Hizbollah guerrillas just north of the zone. No one was hurt. Later a roadside bomh exploded near a civilian car passing between Bisri and Anan villages, in an area north of the zone but under Israeli control, the sources said. None of the passengers was hurt but the car suffered some damage.

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Fate of mostly 'Palestinian' First and Second districts will be sealed by PLO-Islamist clash

Less privileged concerned about hardship, but not to extent of evicting incumbents

By Lamis K. Andoni in Hashemi Shamali

ONCE THE barometer for popular sentiments in the country, northeast and south of Amman, home to the less privileged and many Palestinian refugees, are now largely indifferent to the elections campaign — an alarming sign of diminishing expectations and estrangement of political parties from their assumed power base.

As candidates continue to clash over the Israeli-Palestinian accord, which is a major theme of the elections campaign in the First and Second. districts that include two densely populated refugee camps, people see more concerned with daily hardships of life.

In these two districts, poor and working classes feel the pincb of living on the peripbery of the more affluent Third District of the

Unemployment and poor public services, including health and sanitary condi-tions in some of the more neglected areas, are the major complaints expressed by residents who feel that former deputies did not do much. to improve the living conditions of these parts.

But such complaints will not fundamentally harm the chances of the districts' former deputies particularly those of the Islamie Action

most efficient and organised, as usual, in mobilising its supporters for this campaign.

In refugee camps, in particular, residents are pressing candidates on demands for lifting government constraints on adding building structures to the bouses that were originally constructed as tents and barracks in the fifties and early sixties.

However, the ontcome of the elections could be an important indicator of public opinion over the peace process, as contenders focus on their support or opposition to the Oslo accords.

Historically considered a power base for the left, and pro-PLO groups, the 1989

By Mariam M. Shahin

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

WAHDAT -- Islamic Action

Front (IAF) candidate Ham-

zeh Mansour drew a surpri-

singly small crowd in this

Palestinian refugee camp Fri-

day during an afternoon rally

that was intended to boost his

popularity before Monday's

Once an unquestioned stronghold of the IAF, resi-

dents in this part of Amman's

Second District are apparent-

ly more concerned with their

political and economie reali-

ties than with the "Islam is

elections.



elections were a surprise in that it was the Mnslim Brotherhood and Islamists who had taken over in the First and Second districts.

Early predictions suggest the Islamists will lose their monopoly over the six seats, divided equally between the two districts, but the three official candidates fielded by the strong IAF (the political party of the Muslim Brother-

IAF rally draws small crowd

Only grudging clapping fol-lowed Mr. Mansour's slogan-

packed speech, in which he

promised to fight for a mor-

ally just society when in the

Jordanian parliament and the

creation of Islamic cohesion

resistance front against the enemies of Islam," Mr. Man-

sour shouted into the mic-

rophone addressing some 700

people, about 20 per cent of whom were children dressed

up in IAF paper head-caps.

Banners and posters of IAF candidates dominated

the square where Mr. Man-

from Algiers to Islamabad.".

"We are the front, the last

Jabr is expected to maintain his lead, while in the Second District outspoken and controversial Sheikh Ahdul Munim Abu Zant and Mr. Hamzeh Mansour (both from the IAF) will comfortably secure First and Second place

In the First District, IAF

candidate Sheikh Abdul Aziz

hood) will win.

The IAF has apparently made a pragmatic move by not nominating more than one candidate in the First District, where independent Islamist and former deputy Sheikh Ali Fakir enjoys support among traditional non-

organised Muslims. Sheikh Fakir remains a

Mr. Mansour is running for

the first time in this working-

class district where Palesti-nians from 1948 refugees make

up-most of the population. In

1989, Mr. Mansour ran in the

Fourtb District (Sahab,

Quweismeh, Juweidah), but

the change in the electoral

law has forced him to relo-

tate his bid to this area,

especially that the IAF

wanted to field a candidate

with a tribal base in his place.

Aqsa Mosque in Jerusalem hung over Mr. Mansour's

head and a snfi singer

A buge poster of the Al

this campaign,

and leftist and pro-PLO candidates might prove to be serious rivals. In 1989 the Brotherhood was able to weaken other

strong contender for the

number two slot although other independent Islamists,

like Dr. Ahmad Awaysheh,

rivals by supporting an alliance of members and independent Islamists in the two districts. The introduction of the one-person, onevote system, however, spoiled IAF tactics to strike once again such successful alliances. But the electoral change, which was introduced in August, has deeply fragmented the two areas into neighbourhoods, clans, families, and among refugees; it has even created alliances based on source of origin in Palestine, giving way to the rise of candidates who represent only very nar-

row interest groups.

The fragmentation of the First and Second districts will burt both IAF and the leftists, who came first and second respectively in the 1989 elections.

The IAF's opposition to the Oslo accords, which pits it against the PLO, might backfire this time despite the decline of the organisation's popularity in the camps and other predominantly Palestipian areas,

Sheikh Abu Zant's scathing criticism of the PLO,

Jordanian officials rule out treaty with Israel unless same is done with Syria, Lebanon

BERIALS

AMMAN — Jordanian officials warned Friday that no major move in the Middle East peace process could he announced before Monday's elections, amid reports of a breakthrough towards a treaty

with Israel. The officials, declining to be named, told the AFP the Kingdom was 'ready to make prog-ress' with Israel but they ruled out a peace treaty unless the Jewish state also made progress in negotiations with Syria and Lebanon.

The United States bas been pressing Jordan to reach peace with Israel and offered to help pay off its \$6 billion foreign debt in return, they said.

The officials said U.S. Middle East envoy Dennis Ross made the offer during a tour of the region last month. In Paris, a senior Israeli offi-

cial said Friday he met a Jorda-nian minister for the first U.S.brokered economic talks between the two sides. Foreign Ministry Director-

General Uri Savir met Minister of State in Prime Ministry Affairs Jawad Al Anani at the

U.S. embassy for talks chaired by Mr. Ross, diplomats said. Mr. Savir told Reuters it was an informal meeting to set an agenda for detailed economic discussions among experts to

begin in the near future. He declined to discuss the agenda but called the meeting encouraging for the entire Middle East.

Mr. Savir held separate talks with Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), officials to discuss channelling immediate aid to launch Palestinian selfrule in the Gaza Strip and Jericho from December.

"It is encouraging that we see here in Paris, where we are meeting simultaneously with the PLO and with the Jordanians, and with major actors in the international community, a growing effort to couple a political solution with the economic development of our region," Mr. Savir said.

"Our hope is ultimately to work towards a triangle of economic development, to foster and strenghthen a political solution with economic underpinnings," he said.

The talks with Jordan were

Israel Foreign Minister Shimon Peres and His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan at the White House in September.

Mr. Peres said Thursday Israel did not want to exclude any Arabs from the circle of peace and dropped hints about a new hreakthrough amid indications stalled Israel-PLO talks would resume.

Israeli media suggested that the breakthrough was with

Visiting Egyptian Foreign Minister Amr Musa was optimistic about getting talks with both Syria and the PLO back on track.

"We have to move quickly on both tracks and to achieve progress as much as we can." Mr. Musa said after meeting with Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Israeli generals at the defence ministry in Tel Aviv.

Asked whether the Israel-PLO talks would resume next week, Mr. Musa said: "I believe so. There is nothing against that." He added there were also "definite hopes on the other tracks," but declined

(Continued on page 5)

Bedouins in north, centre and south will full strate metric stituents for the first time in put off a decision on peace talks with Israel until early next week, after PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat meets Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak. Chief PLO negotiator Nabil Shaath announced the delay the solution" slogan offered

Tribal strengths, alliances, and services to underdeveloped sector figure high

By Ayman Al Safadi Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Though sepa-rated by vast deserts and many towns and cities across the country, the three electoral bedouin districts are joined together by common concerns and tribal values.

In these underdeveloped areas of the Kingdom, the harshness of life in the desert forces its own issues on the electoral race for the two parliamentary seats allocated for each of the three bedouin concentrations in the north, the centre and the south.

There is little talk of national politics there. The focus is on the need for building roads, schools and hospitals, finding

slogans of candidates in Am-

said a resident of the town. The 13 candidates contesting the district's two seats campaign through the old traditions of the tribes: visiting the madhafats (guest houses) and

jobs and securing university education for the young.
"We have our own problems

here. Many of the people are jobless because they did not have enough education." said Suleiman Hajaya, a trihal leader from the south.

The banners that boost the

man and other urban centres of the country are scarce in the majority of these districts. completely absent in others. "In Husseiniyeh (a small town in the southern bedouin district) there are no banners."

communicating on personal levels with their constituencies.

from the three major tribes for which the election law basically reserved the two seats, with each tribe and even clan failing to unanimously support one Ten candidates from the

Hweittat tribe, including incumbents Sheikh Faisal Ben Jazi (who won 5.377 votes in 1989) and Nayef Ahu Tayeh (who scored 4,303 votes) are running for election.

The Hajaya tribe is fielding

ant from the Bani Ativeh tribe is also vying for the support of the district's 24.217 registered Even though Sheikh Jazi is

The 13 candidates come sheikh is expected to fare well in the race because he is the traditional head of the clan which is still committed to the tribal heirarchy. The sheikh is also expected to win votes from outside the clan.

are still strong and the majority two candidates and one aspir-

are also seeking election for this district, which extends

challenged by one member of his clan, Kassab Al Jazi, the "The young is trying to chal-lenge the old, but tribal values

will support their traditional leadership," said one source who asked not to be named. The electoral race is more difficult for former Deputy Abu Tayeh whose performance at the 11th Parliament was at times controversial, because three members of his can

over parts of the governorates of Ma'an, Karak and Tafileh. By virtue of the personal relations that prevail in the district, all candidates are expected to win votes from outside their clans. That, said an observer, makes it difficult to expect the outcome of the race. The more likely candidates, however, are Sheikh Jazi, Dr. Abn Tayeh, Mohammad Oudeh Njadat (also a Hweittat), Ahmad Al Hajaya, Salem Al Zawaideb (Hweittat), and Bader Al Neimat (Hweittat).

Wasat district

Among the bedouins of Al (Continued on page 3)

PLO puts off decision on renewing Taba talks

Combined agency dispatches

Shaath announced the delay after Mr. Arafat paid a sur-

prise visit to Cairo and met with Mr. Mubarak's top political adviser, Osmaa Al Baz. Mr. Arafat left for Yemen after the Baz meeting but was to return in two days. Egypt has made intense efforts to renew the Israeli-PLO talks since Dr. Shaath walked out of a session last

Tuesday on grounds Israel re-neged on a promise to withdraw its troops from the Gaza Strip and the West Bank town of Jericho. Egypt's foreign minister, Amr Musa, met twice with Dr.

Shaath during the week. Mr. Musa went Thursday to Israel for discussions with Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Foreign Minister Shimon

Peres. When asked if Mr. Musa

obtained Israeli assurances to tries, before establishing relabring the Palestinians back to tions with Israel, wait for the Mubarak meeting."

Dr. Shaath said the two were scheduled to meet on Mr. Arafat's return from Yemen.

Before arriving in Cairo, Mr. Arafat said he might meet Mr. Rabin soon to give a push to the peace process. WAFA, the PLO news agency, said he made his comments in Dakkar, Scnegal, and gave no further

In Dakkar, Mr. Arafat urged African nations on Thursday to postpone recognising Israel until the creation of a Palestinian state.

Mr. Arafat, who visited the former French colony to meet with President Abdon Diouf, also said an agreement must be reached on Jerusalem. Several African nations that

had supported the PLO's cause already have made provisional moves towards extending diplomatic recognition to Israel. Most recently, Ghana's parliament last week told the government to begin taking steps towards recognition.
"We wish that African coun-

the talks, Dr. Shaatb said: creation of a Palestiman state "We will not announce any- and a solution for Jerusalem," Mr. Arafat told a news or

Official sources said Dr. Baz briefing Mr. Arafat on the outcome of Egypt's talks with Israel on relaunching the nego-

Mr. Musa said prospects for the resumption of the talks were bright. He said his talks in Israel were very successful and that the negotiations would resume in the Egyptian Red Sea resort of Taba next week.

The Taba talks are meant to negotiate details of an Israeli pullont from Gaza and Jericho under Israel's accord with the PLO signed Sept. 13 in

Washington.
The accord calls for the Israelis to start withdrawing Dec. 13, to be replaced by Palestinian security forces, but leaves Israel responsibility for the Jewish settlers remaining

bebind. In suspending the talks, Dr. Shaath said that a withdrawal plan presented by Israel

(Continued on page 4)

Fourth District challenges conservative politics

By Mariam M. Shahin in Abu 'Alanda

THE ELECTORAL race in this industrial district of Amman (85,061 registered voters) is promising to be a lively campaign after the entry of what promises to be a third force to compete with the Islamic Action Front (LAF) and tribal representa-

The Fourth District is a stronghold of conservative tribal clans, on the one hand, and the Muslim Brotherhood on the other. It includes industrial boroughs such as Qweismeb, Jweideb, Abu 'Alanda and Sahab. With 20 candidates vying for two Muslim seats, elections here will be a test for both the clans and IAF, especially after left-wing political parties and a maverick Jordanian politician have combined to back one of the candidates.

This candidate, Abdul Rahman Al Qatarneh, is an independent whose political election programme came of

late to the attention of three left-wing parties, the Jordan People's Democratic Party, the Jordanian Democratic Popular Unity Party and the Jordanian Baath Arab Socialist Party. Subsequently Leith Shbeilat, the former Third District deputy who made beadlines when he was accused and convicted of political subversion last year, also announced that he would back Mr. Qatarneh.

The candidacy of Mr. Oatarneh itself and the official backing being given to him by bighly politicised groups and individuals have given the campaign bere some colour and created a political dialogue in this part of Amman that would otherwise have been limited to local economie questions and IAF promises of a morally correct attitude on people's social agenda, national unity

and Palestine. Mr. Qatarneh is concentrating on pan-Arab politics, calling for the lifting of economic boycott against Irag.

Many of the industrial goods produced in this district's factories headed wholesale for Iraq before it invaded Kuwait in 1990.

Antman-based truck driv-ers, most of whom have made this district their home, are also interested in reopening the .Jordanian-Iraqi trade route. Many lost their livelihood as a result of the U.N.imposed emhargo on Iraq. The transport sector generally has suffered tremendously as a result of the sanctions.

Thus, the political and economic interests of many in this district are distinct from, say, the political closeness to the Saudi royal family that many of the tribal leaders bere have traditionally boasted about. In fact after losing the by-election to Anwar Hadid in

1992, Minwer Abu Zaid -

another candidate from

Sahab complained to Saudi

Arabia's King Fahd that

there had been rigging of the

vote count. Mr. Abu Zaid's

move was not taken seriously

at the time, but the incident highlighted the tenuous nature of figures running and campaigns waged for elec-tions in this district.

Up against such kind of tribalism which would favour some of the candidates over others, Mr. Oatameh is by no means a sure winner. But he is creating an unprecedented challenge to a community of husinessmen, landowners and industrial workers who have been dependent on others for decades.

Banners promoting the almost exclusively tribal candidates here, as elsewhere in the Kingdom, are many; but most locals say there is no telling of what will happen on election day. The IAF has the most cohesive advertisement campaign and its banners are so eye-catching and strategically located that they cannot be missed by passers-by.

While incumbent Deputy

Anwar Hadid is definitely a

frontrunner with only one

member of his prominent

clan running against him,

most observers say that, with the one-person, one-vote formula in force, no seat is completely safe for any candidate.
Mr. Hadid beat fellow trib-

al candidate Abu Zaid and IAF candidate Hani Tahrawi in the bye-election held here in Agusut 1992. Mr. Hadid thus replaced his cousin, Nayef Al Hadid, who had passed away while a member of the Lower House. The Hadid clan is promin-

ent but its actual voting strength, say many people here, is often exaggerated. Nevertheless, Nayef Hadid was able to capture 6,458 votes ont of the 19,000 votes cast in 1989. Four other members of his clan were running in that race. Most of the Hadid clan is expected to back Anwar Al Hadid. While younger candidate, Issa Hadid, is expected to make his entry into the political scene with few thinking that

he has a chance of winning (Continued on page 4)

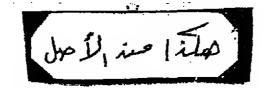
ALI HUSSEIN ABU RAGHEB

Third District



Democracy, productivity, freedom of speech, social justice and equal opportunity.

A Better Future For Our Children



railes prepare Libya sanction resolution with grace period

UNITED NATIONS (Agencies) — The Western allies expected to circulate a revised resolution Friday tightening sanctions against Libva for not surrendering two men accused of bombing a Pan Am airliner over Scotland in 1988.

Diplomats said minor differences remained but final approval was expected from Moscow, which previously had threatened to veto the measures for financial reasons.

As a compromise, the draft

will probably include a grace period to Nov. 22 before the sanctions go into effect hut after the U.N. Security Council adopts the resolution.

The United States, Britain and France, after a month's delay, want a vote early next week and hoped to distribute a new text to all members Friday. But so far they do not anticipate more than 10 votes in the 15-member council.

Only 10 states, one more than required, voted for an April 1991 resolution that imposed an arms, air and diplomatic embargo on Libya in an effort to pressure Tripoli into giving up the suspects for trial to Britain or the United

The two are accused of bombing Pan Am Flight 103 over Lockerbie, Scotland, in

Afghan

Airbase

shelled

BAGRAM AIRBASE.

Afghanistan (AFP) - Afgha-

nistan's main military airbase

came under rocket attack Fri-

day by forces loyal to Prime Mioister Gulbuddin Hekmaty-

ar io the fifth day of factional

At least four long-range 107mm rockets were fired by

Hezb-e-Islami gunmen into the

Bagram hase; located about 50

the runway, sending up plumes of smoke, and the fourth hit just metres from the beadquar-

ters of the base commander.

Bodyguards to commander

Bismillah Khan said the rock-

ets were fired from mountains

in the distant west. But they

just south of Bagram, where

Hezb-e-Islami, has pockets of

thought to be putting pressure

on the air base, from which jet

strikes have been launched dai-

ly against Mr. Hekmatyar's

Hezh-e-Islami captured

Wednesday the district centre

of Tagob, which lies just a few

hours drive southeast of Ba-

gram, in fierce fighting with

Jamiat-e-Islami faction troops

loyal to former Defence Minis-

Bismillah Khan, Mr.

Masood's man in Bagram,

claimed Jamiat had recaptured

Tagoh Thursday and had con-

solidated its hold Friday hy

advancing a further six to

seven kilometres south into

Kahul, some of whnm were

denied permission Friday to

accompany helicopter flights to

Tagoh, have yet to indepen-dently confirm Jamiat's claim

nf recapturing this contested

At least three dead Jamiat

soldiers and two wounded ones

were seen arriving at Bagram

hy helicapter Friday, indicat-.

ing the fight for Tagob is far

district centre.

from over.

Western journalists based in

Hezb-e-Islami territory.

ter Ahmad Shah Masood.

Hezb-e-Islami units were

control.

ave come from

Three exploded on or near

kilometres north of Kabul.

December 1986 in which 270 people died.

Libva also must cooperate with an inquiry into the bomb-ing of a French plane over Niger in 1989 which killed 171

people.

Moscow fears the resolution, which freezes some of Tripoli's foreign assets. will prevent Libya from repaying a \$4 bil-lion deht it owes Russia.

Russia has argued that Europeans took care not to ban Tripoli's high-grade crude to Germaoy and Italy and natural gas to Spain but did not consider Moscow's debt problem.

The resolution freezes Lihya's current financial assets and bans oil transport and refinery equipment. But it ex-cludes oil production equip-ment or future revenues from oil sales earned after the draft is adopted.

This means Tripoli will be able to use its estimated \$10 hillion annual earnings from exports of 1.36 million barrels of crude daily.

Banking soorces also believe that Libya has been moving its foreign assets, including about \$6 billion in cash and holdings io hundreds of firms, away from key Western centres in anticipation of the resolution.

Nevertheless, U.S. officials maintain the measures.

maintain the measures oo

WASHINGTON (USIA) — Egypt's ambassador to the U.S. and an Israeli embassy

official io Washington agree

that American leadership is

critical to the achievement of

peace and stability in the Mid-

"In a world that has only one

superpower and has seen new

dangers, the only country that can play a role in helpiog solve

the problems is certainly the United States," Ahinad Maher

Al Sayed, Egyptian ambassa-dor to the United States, told a

Nov. 2 forum oo the peace

process sponsored by George Washington University and the U.S. Global Strategy Council. "The whole world is looking.

to the United States for lead-

the Israeli embassy in

Washington; joined Mr. Sayed

in a discussion of 'The Next

Phase of the Middle East

Peace Process," and said the

region io the post-cold war

period "is going through a ma-

jor historic demographic

tries are to urgent need of "a

Western Marshall plan? to eli-

minate social and economic

miseries that "may endanger

the stability of the Middle East

and the stability of the whole

has been taken in the donors

conference that convened in Washington," Mr. Barkan

said. "I hope to see the con-

tinuation of that from a total

Ambassador Sayed said that

Egyptian President Hosni

Mubarak heard a diversity of

American opinion as he met

with members of the adminis-

tration and Congress during his

recent, U.S. visit. He added,

however, "we found an under-

standing from all those with

whom he met... for the need to

maintain support of this very

Muharak acknowledged in

private talks his understanding that U.S. foreign assistance "is

important strategic area." Mr. Sayed said that Mr.

Middle East perspective."

"The first step to avert this

Mr. Barkan said Arab coun-

Crisis.

world."

Nimrod Barkan, minister of

ership," Mr. Sayed said.

dle East.

Mideast diplomats say

U.S. needed for stability

assets and equipment hurt several of Libya's joint ven-

"If they didn't care about it,

they wouldn't want to stop it," said a U.S. envoy. New provisions will prob-ably say thatr Lihya is not excused from paying debts to Russia or anyone else after its assets are unfrozen. But there is no way to enforce such de-

To get Moscow's approval, President Bill Clinton, British Prime Minister John Major and French Prime Minister Edouard Balladur all sent messages to Russian President Boris Yeltsin.

Tripoli has said the accused. Abdul Baset Ali Al Megrami and Al Amin Khalifa Fhimah, could stand trial in Scotland if they agreed, but a team of international lawyers advised

against it, fearing they could not get a fair trial. Libyan leader Moammar Qadhafi said Thursday after neeting with President Hosni Mobarak of Egypt that be would not bow to Western pressure and force the two suspects to surrender for trial in the West. Col. Qadhafi also said be wanted to end the Lockerbie affair as soon as possible "to prove our inno-

not eternal," but stressed that

it is "particularly essential in

the next two years, as Egypt

completes its vast economic

leoged by anyone with whom Mubarak met, the ambassador

Turning to the role of the Uoited States in the region, Mr. Sayed said that the post

cold-war "has become more

dangerous" than before.
"The world would become

even more dangerous if the

United States withdraws from

its role of leadership," he pre-

dicted. "You cannot isolate

yourself from a dangeroos

world," neither economically,

nor strategically or politically,

a demographie crisis in the

Middle East, Mr. Barkao

pointed out that Egypt's

population grows by one mil-

liou every seven months,

Syria's population doubles ev-

ery 20 years, the Palestinian

populatioo in Gaza increases

by four per cent annually, and

the median age in the Arab

ates pressures on governments,

(which) find it increasingly dif-

ficult to meet these chal-

lenges," he said. The younger

generation- is "looking for

housing, education and

careers... looking at (current) governments and seeing no

"A decade from today, we

will witness a major crisis of

ideology and confidence in the

Arah World that will lead to a

search for a new ideological

course upon which to build the

history of the coming genera-

"Nationalism, secularism,

and socialism are becoming

bankrupt ideologies," Mr. Barkan added. "The only im-mediately available option in

sight is Islamic fundamental-

ism. We may expect - in a

decade - a substantial in-

crease in the power of Islamic

tion," he said.

fundamentalism.

Demographic growth cre-

World is 16 years.

he said.

That approach was not chal-

development programme."



TRAFFIC TRAINING: Samir Tawashah gives Palestinian traffic policemen their first traffic regulation course at the Dunia driving school in Ramallah Friday. This unit will be on

the streets of Ramallah from Nov. 15, the fifth anniversary of the "State of Palestine" tion of independance (AFP photo)

Moroccan oppositionrefuses minority

cabinet RABAT (R) - Moroccan opposition parties said Friday they refused King Hassan's invitatioo to form a mioority government because elections

were falsified and they would not have a free hand to govern. The king received the opposition parties twice in the last two weeks. He stroogly urged the opposition parties to join the next government to effect "change and renewal" after more than 30 years of

right-wing rule. In a memorandum sent to the king and published by party papers, the old-guard Nationalist Istiqlal Party, the Socialist Union of People's Forces (USFP) and the leftist Organisation of Democratic and Popular Action (OADP) said electoral distortions must

first be rectified. The three groups and the Communist Party of Progress and Socialism (PPS) won 122 of the 333 seats in the chamber of representatives elected in two stages in June and Septem-

ber for a six-year mandate. The rest of the seats went to five centre-right parties who had an absolute majority in the

The memorandum charged that the administration had not abided by the king's instructions for "sincere and transparent elections" and there bad been "a massive resort to money" to buy votes.

They demanded the constitution be revised to enable all members of parliament to be elected by direct universal suffrage. At present one third of the chamber is elected indirectly by local councils, professional groups and trade uo-

USFP leader Mohammad A! Yazghri told Reuters a minority opposition government would not have a free hand when portfolios are held by nominees who control key ministries."

The king told the opposition he would reserve the right to choose the prime minister and the key ministers of justice. interior and foreign affairs

Diplomats said the next government, subject of intense speculation and dehate in the last month, will probably be "the mixture as before."

"We will probably see some new faces, younger people perhaps, but they will have the same political colour as in the past," a senior Western diplomat said.

French presence to be scaled down in Algeria

ALGIERS (AFP) - France is scaling down its presence in Algeria in the coming weeks to provide a "minimum service" in the wake of the kidnapping of three French consular officials, reliable sources said

Many of the 3,000 French oationals who left Algeria for the All Saints Day holiday last weekend had not returned on Friday, even thoogh the Freoch lycee reopens on

Saturday. The Muslim fundameuntalist kidnappers, releasing their final hotage Michele Thevenot on Oct. 31, gave her a message giving foreigners a month to leave the country, warning that after this deadline "anyone will be responseible for his own sudden death.

Foreign Minister Alain Jup-pe said Thursday he was taking "very seriously" threats made against French in Algeria hy the kidnappers.

Security, both visible and more discreet, bas been stepped op around official Freoch buildings in Algiers, Oran and Annaba. The French embassy has renewed its advice to be vigilant to the 25,000 French oationals living in Algeria, including 8,000 recent expatri-

Around 1,000 civil servants, including 400 teachers, have been told to send thier families back to France. Some officials, not considered indispensable. have also been iovited to return home.

France has offices providing official services in around 30 buildings across the country. including three consulates in Algiers, Oran and Annaba, and several cultural centres.

A French lycee in Algiers has around 600 non-Algerian pupils, 200 of them Freech. There are also a number of French primary schools.

The most important services, including the chancel-lery, are sited in a 14-hectare park at Hydra, a residential suburb of Algiers.

French compaoies employing some 2,000 Freoch nationals bave also decided to send their families home initially and then consider reducing expatriate staffing levels. Work is being suspended on building sites outside main urban centres, where adequate security cannot be provided.

The kidnappings were claimed by a faction called the Islamic Armed Group (GIA).

The group is thought to be the most radical of the fighting groups trying to topple the military-backed government, installed in January 1992 after an army coup d'etat. The army cancelled parliameotary elec-tions tht Muslim fundamentalists were poised of win. .

The violence has killed more than 2,000 people in less than two years. For the past six months, attacks blamed on Islamic extremists have targeted intellectuals, journal-ists, and, most recently, foreigners.

The GIA had announced in a statement delivered to the Associated Press the freeing of the French hostages, but set the date for Monday, instead

of the weekend. Arab Americans win

mayoral elections

WASHINGTON (USIA) — Following is the text of a press release issued by the Arab American Institute on Friday: Arab Americans captured three mayoral seats and triumphed in a half dozen local and state council and legislative races across the country in the Nov. 2 elections.

Bridgeport, Connecticut. Mayor Jseph Ganim won a landslide reelection victory. capturing almost 80 per cent of the vote. Another incumbent. Central Falls, Rhode Island, Mayor Thomas Lazich also easily outdistanced his nearest competitor with 60 per cent of

Other big winners were Teresa Ann Issac, vice mayor in Lexington, Kentucky, who finished first in a field of seven to retain her city council seat

and her position as vice mayor. Hartwell, Georgia, Mayor Joan Haddad Saliba did not face opposition and was therefore reelected.

In city council races across the country, top winners inlcuded incumbent Dearborn. Michigan. City Councilwoman Suzanne Sareini; Ann Arbor. Michigan, City Councilman Peter Nicolas: Danbury, Connecticut. City Councilman Robert Yamin: Lawrence, Massachusetts, City Councilman Steve Kfoury and Tenafly. New Jersey. City councilman Edward Deeh.

Joe Palaia was elected to the New Jersey State Senate with 66 per cent of the vote and Frederick Marshall was elected to the Erie County, New York.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Ashrawi to head PLO office in Washington

AMMAN (R) - Ifanan Ashrawi, spokeswoman for Palesti-AMMAN (R) — Hanan Ashrawi, spokeswoman for ratesinnian Middle East peace negotiators, has accepted a PalestinLiberation Organisation (PLO) offer to head the organisation's new mission in Washington, Palestinian officials said
Friday. Dr. Ashrawi, who was asked hy PLO Chairman
Yasser Arafat to head the mission, was in Washington to
prepare for its reopening. The office, closed down after
Washington severed its dialogue with the PLO in 1990, will
have no diplomatic status. The United States lifted the barrance. contacts with the organisation after Israel and the PLO signed a Palestinian-self rule deal in Washiogton on Sept. 13. Dr. Ashrawi, a professor of English literature at Bir Zeit University in the occupied West Bank, was a key conduit for indirect contacts between Washington and the PLO before the self-rule pact was sealed.

U.N. train looted in south Sudan

KHARTOUM (R) - A U.N. relief train carrying food to southern Sudan's second largest town has been stopped and looted by rebels and robbed hy crowds of civilians io government-held stations, according to the United Nations. The U.N. said on Thursday it had ordered the train to stay put in the southern town of Ariath and had complained to the rebel Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA) and the government aboot the incidents, the worst of their kind since February. It has demanded guarantees of safe conduct before the traio resumes its journey, a U.N. statement issued in Khartoum added. The World Food Programme (WFP) charknarroum added. The World Food Programme (WFP) chartered train was carrying some 1,500 tonnes of food from northern Sudan to WAU when large groups of armed men stopped it and forced U.N. and Sudanese railways staff to hand over food at gunpoint, it said. The gunmen, some apparently wearing SPLA military uniforms, stopped the train on Tuesday between the towns of Mabior and Ariath in Bahr Al Gbazal state — one of three states in southern Sudan which is very short of food.

Pope repeats willingness to visit Lebanon

VATICAN CITY (AP) - Pope John Paul II met with Lebanon's president Friday, and repeated his willingness to visit the country "if circumstances permit," the Vatican said. President Elias Hrawi spoke to the pontiff about the situation in Lebanon and the prospects for peace in the Middle East, the Vaticao said. Mr. Hrawi repeated his invitation to visit the country, which is recovering from 15 years of civil war. Mr. Hrawi told reporters the Pope would "soon" fix a date, but the Vatican did oot mentioo a time frame.

Freighter sinks off Morocco, 8 missing

RABAT (R) — Eight crew members were missing on Friday after a Honduras-registered freighter sank off Morocco in high winds and heavy seas, the official Moroccan news agency MAP reported. Six crew members were rescued when the Amal, chartered by the state phosphate mining and marketing mocopoly office Cherifien des Phospbates (OCP), sank Wednesday as it was about to enter the southern port of Safi to load phosphate, it said. A search for the eight missing crew members continued, it added, quoting the merchant marine

Rights groups urge probe of Iraq

UNITED NATIONS (AFP) — Four organisations asked the United Nations Thursday to send human rights observers to Iraq and form a commission to investigate "crimes" against Kurds and Shiites by the regime of President Saddam Hussein. The groups also urged the United Nations to condemn Iran for bomharding Kurdish areas and advocated easing the embargo on the Kurdish regions of Iraq. The four organisations were the International Human Rights Law group, Middle East Watch, the International Federation of Human Rights and the Fondation France-Libertes, headed by French President Francois Mitterrand's wife Danielle. "As we speak, a new phase is being prepared in the deliberate genocide orchestrated" against the Kurds, said Mrs. Mitterrand, who met with U.N. Secretary General Boutros Gbali. She said statesmen and informed citizens will have to answer to history for the failure to do anything to help people in danger.

Israelis held for diamond dealer's stabbing

LIMASSOL. Cyprus (AP) — Two Israelis, a man and a woman, were remanded in custody Thursday in connection with the stabbing of a Cypriot diamond dealer. The court ordered Mordecai Ben Mayer, 40, a factory worker, held for six days, and Paula Fargon, 33, a secretary, for five days, pendiog the completion of police investigations. The two were arrested at Larnaca airport Wednesday afternoon as they were about to leave for Athens a few hours after Limassol diamond merchant Philokypros Matheou was stahbed. Police prosecutor Yannakis Pericleous told the court Matheou was confronted by a hooded man yielding a large knife as he left his fifth-floor apartment. Mr. Pericleous said the hooded man told Mr. Matheou: "I am going to cut off your head." Mr. Matheou ran down the stairs hut was caught on the next floor hy the assailant, who stahbed him in the hack and side. The prosecutor said police found a knife in the couple's suitcase 'similar to the one used against Matheoo.'

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King Juan Carlos to visit Israel

TEL AVIV (AFP) - The king and queen of Spain will become the first reigning monarchs to pay a state visit to Israel when they arrive Monday. King Juan Carlos will hold talks with Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Foreign Minister Shimon Peres on Tuesday and give a speech to parliament, a foreign ministry official said Friday. President Ezer Weizman hosts the royal couple who will walk the Old City of Jerusalem and travel to traditional Christian sites by the Sea of Galilee and in Nazareth.

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FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

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HUAZ BAILWAY TRAIN

Bosnian girl undergoes pre-surgery eye tests

By Elia Nasrallah Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Janetta Kachmo, a 12-year-old Bosnian girl, will undergo various medical tests in preparation for her eye argery scheduled for Monday, said Ghassan Jayousi, an eye specialist at Jordan University Hospital.

Janetta, who was admitted to hospital Thursday evening, is suffering from a bleeding in the left eye caused by a shrapnel injury she incurred in June during a battle in Bosnia, Dr. Jayousi told the Jordan Times Friday. He said he hoped that the tests will pinpoint the affected area so that the operation will be successful.

Janetta, who is accompanied here hy her mother, has sight weakness from the injury, but the condition can be corrected by removing the shrapnel, said Dr. Jayousi.

He said Janetta is the sixth Bosnian eye patient to be treated at Jordan University Hospital: the other five have been repatriated, he added.

Dr. Jayousi said a total of 20 Bosnians suffering various eye injuries were treated in Jordan so far.

Janetta and hundreds of other Bosnian nationalists now living in Jordan are being cared for under a programme by the Hashemite Charity Organisation (HCO) upon directives from His Majesty King Hus-

According to Saleh Ulewah, head of the HCO health section, the International Organisation for Migration (IOM) office in Amman arranged for Janetta to come to Jordan for the surgery.

Germany to reschedule JD 41m of Jordan's debt

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Germany has talien a decision in principle to reschedule DM86 million (about JD41 million) of Jordan's debt and plans to formalise an agreement early next year, a serior German diplomat said Friday.

Mathias Myers, first secretary at the German embassy here, said the issue was discussed in general terms during Wednesday's visit to Jordan of German Foreign Minister Klaus Kinkel, in the context of the Kingdom's efforts to address it foreign debt, which currently stands at \$6.68 billion.

Jordan owes Germany a total of DM523 million

(JD234 million), Mr. Myers told the Jordan Times.

Elaborating on some of the comments made hy Mr. Kinkel at a press conference he held after his talks here, Mr. Myers said a DM95 milhon figure the minister mentioned represented the DM86 million expected to be rescheduled and DM9.5 million (JD4 million) to be converted

to grants. The conversion agreement will include a stipulation that 50 per cent of the amount will be used in environmental protection projects in Jordan, he added.

Clarifying another com-ment made by the minister in response to a question on the Arab boycott of Israel, Mr. Myers said the issue was discussed with Jordanian officials, but not in a global context or as a German effort to lift the Arab embargo on trade with Israel or firms

dealing with the Jewish state. Under new regulations adopted by the government, German firms are banned from providing certificates of origin and ports of call of ships as demanded by the Arab countries in a bid to block the entry of Israeli products or goods with Israeli

At the same time, the companies could provide certificates saying that the goods are of German nrigin or any other country as the case may be, and list the names of the ports that the ships carrying them make, Mr. Myers said.

"Instead of saying the goods are not of Israeli ori-

gin, the certificates could say they are of German origin if they are German products or. stipulate the country's name if they are not of German origin," Mr. Myers noted.

Similarly, he said, instead of certifying that they did not call at an Israeli port, the ships could list the ports of call they make and still meet the requirement of the boycott of Israel provisions.

"It is a matter of turning a" negative certificate into a positive certificate in a manner which satisfies all parties involved," he said.

Mr. Myers said the issue was raised during Mr. Kink-el's talks in Saudi Arabia as well as Jurdan and both countries agreed nn the new arrangement.

The German diplomat confirmed that Mr. Kinkel met with the Iraqi ambassador to Jordan, Noor Al Weiss, but said the talks had little to do with political relations between Germany and Iraq and focused on the possibilities of a release for a German

national serving an eight-year

sentence in an Iraqi jail.

"It was a humanitarian move adopted in line with the policy of the government of Germany of responding to appeals from the German people," Mr. Myers said.

He said that before Mr. Kinkel set out nn his latest Middle East visit, the parents of Key Sonderman, a German student who was arrested in Iraqi territory early this year and sentenced for illegal entry, appealed to him to intervene with the Iraqi government.

"It was in response to this request that Mr. Kinkel met with the Iraqi ambassador," Mr. Myers said. He declined to reveal how Ambassador Weiss responded to the approach.

Other sources said the Irai envoy said the government of Saddam Hussein might be willing to respond positively to the call if a letter to this effect was sent hy the German president.

"There are other European countries facing a simi-lar situation, and I think there will be a coordinated European decision in this regard," said a well-placed European source.

Privatising state-owned utilities, industries could prove fruitful for Jordan — U.S. expert

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Privatisation of state-owned utilities and industries has worked successfully in some third world countries which faced economic difficulties similar to those of Jordan, and, given the expertise available locally, the experiment could prove highly fruitful in the Kingdom, says an American expert with more than 30 years of experience in dealing with state economies.

Edgar C. Harrell, who headed the U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) in Jordan from 1978-81, before assuming the joh of special assistant to the AID administrator for commercialisation of technology, believes that privatisation, if applied in the proper form, could be part of an answer to Jordan's economic problems.

But, he admitted in an interview with the Jordan Times last week; the situation needs closer study before passing judgement.

Many Latin American countries have embraced privatisation of huge state-owned utilities incurring large losses, thus freeing themselves to deal with problems such as external debt, be said, citing amples.

In many of the countries, be said, privatisation did not only mean freeing the state of the burden of perennial los-ses, hut also solutions to foreign deht in the form of swapping outstanding loans against equity in privatised state-owned entities.

Furthermore, he said, such an apprnach also ensures raising the level of efficiency of the entity in a manner that would serve the nverall economic interests of the country.

According to Dr. Harrell, who was here on a short visit last week, Jordan has many of the positive elements such as a relatively free market economy and infrastructure and, more importantly, hnman expertise, that were not available to some of those countries which have already turned to privatisation, and these elements could actually be an asset.

For instance, an efficient hureaucrat running a state-'owned' commercial entity should be able to do a much better joh once he or she steps out of the constraints imposed by state control, said Dr. Harrell, who believes that many of the Jordanian officials in senior positions

are of such calibre. Freeing state capital from lished themselves as profitable under government control by relinquishing ownership allows the government to use the funds elsewhere to create more jnh opportunities and initiate new prog-rammes which also could eventually be handed over to the private sector, said Dr. Harrell, who heads a private international consultancy

Hotels and public transport companies among others fall in this category, he said.

Dr. Harrell agrees that, as in the case of most countries which adopted privatisation. one of the main problems is labour unrest since layoffs inevitably follow the change of ownership from govern-ment hands to the private

But, he suggests, a well-prepared strategy to deal with this problem must inevitably include alternate employment opportunities created by the funds freed through privatisation, preceded by thorough discussions and dialogue with all sectors concerned.

The most important element in any approach to privatisation is the political will at the highest level to adopt it as an effective long-term means for economic change,

He also stressed that the pointed out.

government should not depend on commercial ventures as a source of revenues. Such activities should be strictly left to the private sector, which in turn could better serve the national economy through creating employment opportunities and paying

There are no general global parameters to guide privatisation procedures, he said. Each country has its own peculiarities and situations and the process could be adjusted to absorb and deal with possible nuances if thorough studies are made in

"Regulatory" regimes will have to be created in vital sectors of the economy, but these should not mean protection leading to monopo-lies, he said. "What is the use of shifting a public sector monopoly to a private sector monopoly if the general idea is to create a free market economy?" be said.

In sectors, like, telecommunications, freeing funds should not be the only consideration, he said. Allowing a "strategic partner" to come in with technology is very important to enable the country to keep itself abreast of the latest developments and techniques in the field, be

Bank consortium grants JPMC JD 12.5m to expand Shidiya plant

By Rana Hinsseini Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The Jordan Phosphate Mines Company (JPMC) has been granted a JD12.5 million loan from a consortium of local banks administered hy the Arah Banking Corporation (ABC) for the expansion of the JPMC Shidiya plant, according to a contract signed in Amman Thursday.

The loan will be used to buy the necessary materials. machinery and equipment to help expand the Shidiya plant, said Jawad Haddeed, the general manager of ABC, at a press conference held at Forte Grand Hotel.

Mr. Haddeed said other Jordanian banks contributing to the loan, which is guar-nateed by the government, include the Housing Bank, the Business Bank; the Jordan Investment and Finance Bank and the Social Security Corporation (SCC). Sameh Madani, director

general of FMC, said the equipment to be purchased will belp treat low grade materials in order to make the final product more marketable. Mr. Madani added that the

equipment will be used to convert raw material into a highly concentrated commercial product with the least industrial

"It is a plan by local hanks to



Arab Banking Corporation General Manager
Jawad Haddeed (centre) and Jordan Phosphate constortium of loc
Mines Company (JPMC) Director General
Sameh Mulaste (set) Tringsday tailnounce the vire set of the state of t

nomy," Mr. Madani said to increase the production of "By developing the Shidiya tonnes annually, thus, increasing the opportunity for JPMC

plant which has good quality and a sufficient quantity of phosphate, we will be able to compete with international markets at a lower cost," he added.

Mr. Madani maintained that the plant will start producing in 1996 and is expected to earn

\$119 million deal with Indian phosphate from 1.5 to 2 million

to expand and compete in the international market, as well as provide 350 job opportunities. The preliminary negotiations regarding the Shidiya , plant project started last Octo-

and French companies to stablish a 220,000 tonne phosphoric acid plant at Shidiya. The plant would use 800,000

constortium of local banks (Staff photo by

tonnes of rock phosphate and the contract with the companies would last 10 years, during which the manufacturers would buy the Jordanian phosphate at the prevailing ber when the JPMC signed a market price in India.

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

- * Exhibition of recent paintings by artist Ammar Khammash at Darat Al Funun of the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation in Jabal Luweibdeh. Also showing, the permanent exhibition (Saturday-Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.) Art exhibition by a group of artists at Orfali Art Gallery
- ☆ Art exhibition by artist Mustafa Ali at Baladna Art Gallery. Art exhibition by artist Sa'di Al Ka'hl at Alia Art Gallery
- (9:30-13:30 and 1500-1800).
 - Art exhibition by artist Mohammad Al Jaloos at the French
 - Art exhibition by artist Mohammad Abu Zraig entitled Views" at the Royal Cultural Centre.

SEMINAR

A Seminar entitled "Two Months After the Signing of the Agreement of Principles Between Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation: The Size of Achievement and the Size of Damage" with the participation of Dr. Tayseer Arouri, Saji Salamen, Abdul Raheem Mallouh, and Nabil 'Amr at the Abdul Hamced Shoman Foundation at 6:00

Karameh dam to be built by Italian firm that the JVA carefully studied largest dam in Jordan after the

AMMAN (Petra) — The Jordan Valley Authority (JVA) has awarded a tender to Salini Italy, an Italian construction firm, to build the Karameh dam, and said that water to be stored in the reservoir was expected to irrigate 40,000 dunums in the Jordan Valley

JVA Secretary General

Abdul Aziz Wishah said that the idea of constructing the Karameh dam surfaced in the early 1980s, but it was only towards the end of 1992 that the final designs for the JD51 million dam were completed.

Speaking after the tender signing ceremony Thursday at the Ministry of Water and Irrigation, Dr. Wishah said

the effects of earthquakes on the dam, the quality of water that would be stored and the strength of the foundation. The 40-metre high dam will

be built in 42 months starting next month in Wadi Mullah. on a trihntary of the Jordan River, said Dr. Wishah. Designed as the second

King Talal Dam, the Karameh dam will have an overall capacity of 55 million cubic metres of water, added Dr. Wishah.

It is one in a series of dams to be constructed by the Ministry of Water and Irrigation in order to double Jordan's present rain water storage capacity, according to Dr. Wishah.

Government endorses National Strategy on Women

AMMAN (Petra) — The government has endorsed the National Strategy on Women which was drawn up by a national committee on women's affairs chaired by Her Royal Highness Princess

Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali said that government departments should take the

(CICF) in Tunisia recently was

awarded a gold medal and a

meritorial certificate for his

Mr. Sayed said he was de-

"I am very happy to learn

this award.

required measures for the implementation of the strategy which was ratified following a series of seminars and conferences held in various governo-

The strategy, which is based on the general framework of the Islamic Sharia, the Constitutinn and the National

International culture festival awards

Arah society's values and traditions and seeks to strengthen the unity and cohesion of members of society and preserve family integration.

It aims at handling women's issues, and calls for giving the women of Jordan an effective role in socio-economic development, especially as the Constitution guarantees equal

rights and opportunities for

The strategy provides for legislation on women's parti-cipatinn in politics, economy. social services and health affairs, and gives special attention to women responsible for raising families nr caring for orphans, as well as illiterate

Bedouins keep politics at bay

(Continued from page 1)

(telephone 643251/2).

candidates from the various clans of the Bani Sakher tribe are competing for their two parliamentary seats. The young is starting a re-volution against the tribal leadership hut are not succeeding

because they are not channelling it right," said Saleh Kneian Al Fayez, a lawyer from the

district, in reference to the large number of candidates contesting the elections.

With the split among the clans allowed to contest the two seats, only candidates who have the support of their clan and an appeal to other voters

stand a real chance in the elections, said Mr. Al Fayez. Former Deputy Jamal Al Khreisha, who won 3,582 votes

in 1989, fits the description. Mr. Khreisha, a former minister of state in the Taher Masri and Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker governments, is the nnly candidate of his clan in the Muagger area, about 30 kilometres southeast of Amman. Mr. Khreisheh is expected to win the majority of the 3,588 registered votes of the Khreisha and Gdah clans and, as a former official who had provided services to many voters, he is likely to win votes from outside the clan.

The rest of the other clans are divided, with the Al Fayez fielding two candidates, the twn Jbour candidates, the Al Amer-Ziben five, the Ka'abneh one, the Shre'a one, the Higeish one, and the Khdeir

Wasat (the centre) district, 14

With 4,695 registered votes, the Jbour clan could have assured a seat for one of its members had it put its support behind nne candidate. The clan's votes, however, would be split between the two competing brothers, Barakat and Saud Al Zheir. Mr. Fayez said that would reduce the chances of both unless nne withdraws or the clan decides to support

A former deputy and minister of health, Muhammad Adoub Al Ziben, who won 2,814 votes in 1989, could wrest votes from outside his clan but will have to share the 4,460 registered votes of the Al Amer-Ziben with four other candidates.

One of his main challengers is Daifallah Mansour Al Ziben, a former chief of military intelligence, who enjoys respect among people of his tribe, which inhabits an area that extends over parts of the governorate's of Amman. Irhid, Mafraq and Zarqa.

The 8.693 registered voters of the Ghbein clan (which includes Al Fayez, the Kasabneh, the Salayteh and the Khdeir) would also have to be shared by four contenders, thus reducing the chances of the clan to send one of its members to parliament.

North bedouins

A former deputy and a member of the Upper House of Parliament (the Senate) are among the 10 candidates for



the two seats of the nnrth bedouin districts, and both have good chances of becoming the representatives of this area in the north-eastern de-

Senator Nawaf Al Qadi, who lost his bid for election in 1989 due to splits within his tribe, has this time the unanimons support of the Bani Khaled tribe, which has 9,000 registered voters who mainly inhabit the town of Hosheh. With the rest of the candidates competing for the remaining 24,146 registered voters, Sen. Qadi is very likely to quit the Senate and join the country's 12th Lower House of Parlia-

Former Deputy Sa'ad Hayei Srour, who win 3,569 votes in 1989, is challenged by a mem-ber of his Masaeed clan of the Ahl Al Jehal (Mountain dwellers), tribes hut still has an almost certain chance of winning his reelection due to the reservoir of support he has among other clans.

Mr. Srour, a former minister of public works, has extended help to people of his district and is likely to win the backing of members of other tribes. Almost each of the main tribes in this district are fielding a candidate, a factor which,

as is the case in the bedouin of

the centre district and other

constituencies in the Kingdom, will work to the disadvantage

The Al Sarhan tribe is fielding two candidates, Al Shorafat one, Al Sardiyeh one, Al A'thamat one (former deputy Mohammad Al Muarer who secured 3,845 votes in 1989, and Al Tawafsheh one. Fares Al Madhi, a member of the Al Issa tribe, is running on the ticket of the Islamic Action Front (IAF).

Mr. Madhi, however, is not expected to be among the strong contenders because his tribe, the smallest among Ahl 'Al Jebal, said they would only support him if he ran as their

The sands of the Jordanian desert are not yet a fertile ground for political ideologies. The political platform of the IAF will thus be competing with traditions that for long governed life in the Jordanian desert. The Bedouins are not known to be strongly inclined towards mixing religion with

politics. Bedonin traditions are still too strong to defeat, said Mr. Al Fayez, who lost his bid for election as a political candidate for the bedouins of the centre district in 1989.

tributed to this article.

that somebody appreciates and Al Ra'i correspondent in Mafraq, Ghazi Haddad, con-

director for contributions to Arab theatre By Rana Husseini The 46-year-old Sayed said this award is presented to indi-Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN — A Jordanian par-ticipant in the 1993 Carthage viduals who devote their time to art and the theatre movement and those who are still International Cultural Festival

The first festival by the work in the Arah and Jorda-CICF was held in 1983. nian theatre movement. Hatem Sayed, a director Mr. Sayed said that Jordan whn started his theatre career participated in every festival in Jordan in 1972, is the first since the start. He added that Jordan tries to participate in all Jordanian to be honoured with Arah and international arts

festivals.

the human concerns in the

world. "The medal I received

ples lives.

lighted to receive the medal, This year the CICF, which ran from Oct. 14 to Oct. 24, awarded once every two years to five participants who contrihosted 34 Arah and foreign hute a distinguished work. countries, and Jordan participated with a play entitled "Yoya Ser Al Maward (Yoya, "I can't really describe the way I feel, since I am the first Jordanian to win this award," Secret of Rose Water). said Mr. Sayed who is also the According to Mr. Sayed, who Art Department manager at led the Jordanian delegation to the Ministry of Culture. the festival, the play reflects.

was not a reward for this play. takes my work into considerait was just an appreciation for tion, especially that it (the recognition) is coming from an my previous art work," Mr. Arab country like Tunisia."
This, he said, indicates that Sayed explained. Mr. Sayed graduated from Art Academy in Cairo in 1971 such countries are knowledgeand received his Bachelors deable about contemporary Arab gree in art theatre and started



Hatem Sayed working for the Ministry of Culture in 1972 as a director. He served as the ministry's art director from 1977 to 1988 and directed more than 16 plays during his 21-year career.

He considers a 1978 play he directed entitled Rasoul Min Karieh Tmerieh Lilistifham An Masalet Al Harb Wal Salam (A Messenger from Tamrieh Village Finds Out About War and Peace Issues) one of his better works.

Mr. Sayed said he depends on the literature of other countries he has visited for ideas for the plays. He said such books often express his own personal

in a company of the c



opinions.

Mr. Sayed's recently directed Al Zabel (The Garbage Man), a play which was nominated for four awards at the Jordanian Theatre Festival in 1993. The pley discusses the problems of a suburh through its garbage - the garbage man reveals the people's secrets

from their garbage.
Mr. Sayed said that the 16 plays he directed are only the first steps towards directing more plays. "I don't consider myself as having done anything yet, this is only the beginning of more plays in the near fu[عملنًا مسن الأحول

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Leaning to wrong side

IN THEORY, the defeat of the former mayor of Jerusalem, Teddy Kollek, at the hand of former Minister of Health in the government of Yitzhak Shamir, Ehud Olmert, can be a setback to the peace process and to the peaceful coexistence between Jews and Arabs in the Holy City. Although the subject of Jerusalem has been deferred for negotiation at a future date, the election of a hardline Likudnick will certainly make such talks very difficult. The new mayor has already declared that Jews can settle anywhere in Jerusalem including the Arab quarters of the city's east. This is a clear signal to the Palestinians and Arabs that the fate of Jerusalem would not very easily be determined under the accord reached between the PLO and Israel.

Emotions in East Jerusalem are bound to escalate as a result of this development. Relations between the two peoples inhabiting the city are destined to become much more exacerbated. Palestinians now have cause to suspect that the promises to negotiate the future of East Jerusalem on the basis of U.N. Security Council resolution 242 have been effectively eliminated.

And this is not all.

The fallout from the triumph of the Likud bloc over the Labour Party not only in Jerusalem but also in some other Israeli cities is bound to have negative impact on the peace process especially in the context of the bilateral Palestinian-Israeli talks in Taba and Cairo. These talks are already stalemated and the new tide in favour of the Likud Party could harden the position of the Israelis. If the Likud could project the results of these elections as some kind of referendum on Israeli Prime Minister ritznak Kabin's peace j ian, wen we uru Israeli peace drive could be weakened.

Perhaps it is still premature to make iron clad judgements on the implications of the mayorial elections. Lack of significant advances on the peace fronts, coupled with an increase in violence in the occupied territories, must have swayed the opinion of Israeli voters in Jerusalem.

Whether the decision of Jerusalemites to boycott the elections was right or wrong is not easy to judge. Politically speaking the decision to boycott is a sound one. The Palestinian leadership could not have urged its constituency to vote in the election altogether lest this be construed as admission of Israel annexation of the city. Yet the local leadership in Jerusalem itself could have taken a different approach. Certainly a Likud mayor and council will exert great effort on consolidating Jewish control over the city. That will only make the negotiations over the final status of Jerusalem all

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

AL RA'I Arabic daily commented on the success of a member of the extremist Likud Party as mayor of Jerusalem saying that such a development is not expected to draw any manifestation or dismay from the Western nations which support Israel. Of course, Washington and its allies would not say that the success of the Likud would be a threat to peace, knowing that the Likud Party is strongly opposed to any peace deal with the Arabs and the abandoning of occupied Arab land, said the paper. The double standard policy followed by the Western nations does not allow any Western capital to criticise the Zionist and racist entity now ruling the occupied Arab lands or express fear and concern over the prospects of peace as a result of the Likud policies which advocate the construction of Jewish settlements on Arab territory, added the paper. The victory of a Likud member in the Jerusalem municipal elections is a clear message to the outside world that Israel and the Israeli people are not oriented towards peace, continued the daily. It said that the Arabs have to examine the results of the Israeli municipal elections very carefully and the victory of the Likud in Jerusalem. The Arabs, said the paper, should realise that they are not facing a single party called Likud which is resolved to maintain occupation of Arab land, but rather a hostile nation full of hatred towards the Arabs and Muslims and that continues to draw up plots against them.

A COLUMN:ST in Al Dustour daily described the Israeli settlers' attacks on the Arab civilians of the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip as barbaric actions. Despite its declared policy of working for peace, the Israeli government shows no tendency at all to bridle such atrocities perpetrated against the innocent civilians and their personal property, said Saleh Al Qallab. The atrocities against the Arabs are being executed with full knowledge and backing from the Israeli government and armed forces which stand by doing nothing to protect the Arab population, continued the writer. In light of the precent events, the Palestinian leaders ought to take note that the Rabin government is conducting an underhand dealing and not honouring the deal signed with the PLO last September in Washington, said the writer. He said that it should be clear to the PLO leadership that its negotiations with Israel would present more difficulties than the armed struggle and the state of war. Therefore, he said, the PLO should take an appropriate, firm stand in the face of such atrocities and insist that the Israeli government take full responsibility for ending the attacks on the Palestinians if a peace formula is to be worked out and if the PLO-Israel deal is

Jordanian Perspectives

Casting the ballots — a sign of political maturity

Three days to go before Jordan's first multiparty elections since 1956, the campaign scene is predictably very bot, officials are busy ensuring that the infrastructure for the balloting and counting process is in place and most voters, presumably, bave made up their minds one way or another.

It would be a risky venture to assess the possible outcome of the polls since all givens in Jordan's past elections have been scrambled by the introduction three months ago of the one-person, one-vote formula into the election law.

But no matter who emerges the winner in Monday's race, it could be safely said that the entire process would definitely reflect the political maturing of the Jordanians as is evident in the facts and figures of the electorate.

The Ministry of Interior puts the total number of registered voters at 1.514 million - an increase of more than 50 per cent from the electorate of 1989.

It is relevant to compare the figures related to the 1993 elections to those of 1989. The given figures for the November 1989 elections were:

Population: Three million. Jordanians above the voting age: 1.4 million. Actual eligible electorate: 1.2 million (taking into account

the exclusion of security personnel from the process). Number of candidates: 800 Number of acknowledged political parties: Zero (except the Muslim Brotherhood, which operated as a political group in

the guise of a charity organisation since 1957 when a ban was imposed on all political parties). Number of registered voters: Around 9: ...000.

Number of voters who collected their voting cards: less than

A closer dissection of the figures indicates that: - While the total number of Jordanians of voting age today is around two million, the exclusion of members of the security forces, including the military and police, as well as the general intelligence and civil defence departments, brings down the electorate to 1.8 million. - The 1.8 million figure compares to the 1.2 million of 1989.

The increase is attributed to the number of Jordanians who turned 19 since the last elections, held in November 1989, (this could be estimated at around 500,000 based on the annual four per cent growth in the Kingdom's population) and the number of voters among the 320,000 plus Jordanians who returned home in the wake of the Gulf crisis of 1990-91 (officials and analysts say the number of the so-called "returnee" voters is around 160,000, but only around 100,000 of them have. actually registered in the roster.

Expectations that around 1.2 million of the registered voters are expected to collect their voting cards and anywhere between 70 and 75 per cent of them would actually cast their votes on Monday are the best indications of the political maturity that characterises the Jordanian scene today.

In 1989, when Jordan beld its first general elections in 22 years, it was clear that many voters did not actually think that the process was indeed part of a dram...tic change in the Kingdom's political scene. Many thought it would be a repetition of the traditional process of tribalism and financial clout overriding all other considerations to produce a docile parliament along the predictable lines past legislative authorities bave followed, by and large, in the Kingdom.

That accounted for the less than 700,000 of the nearly one million registered voters actually collecting their cards and less than 550,000 of them actually exercising their right to vote on polling day.

But things bave changed a lot since then. Despite the lacklustre performance of Jordan's 11th Parliament in addressing many of the bread and butter issues of Jordan's proletariat, Jordanians have taken note of the fact that the 1989 elections did indeed herald an irreversible process of democratisation and liberalisation in the country.

their destiny lies in their hands alone. Another relevant figure is that around than 20,000 people, representing 0.5 per cent of the total population and one per cent of Jordanians of voting age and 0.75 per cent of the eligible electorate, are registered members of the 20 and plus

And, as such, they have also realised, for the first time, that

political parties which emerged after the enactment of the new

law on political parties in September last year.

This figure has to be seen against comparable figures from
the Third World as well as some of the advanced countries which boast of their democratic process. In some of the countries of Europe, where democracy became a part of life several decades ago, the average active participation in political parties is around four per cent of the population. Given the fact that the Jordanians were given the choice of enrolling in political parties only one year ago, the collective figure from the membership rosters of the poblical groups of the Kingdom today is very compatible with the average

By and large, the figures of the Jordanian election scene have also to be seen against the introduction of the oneperson, one-vote system in August. Given the loud cries of many politicians and groups against the move, on whatever grounds, one would have expected apathy to grow among the voters along the lines that prevailed in 1989: that the election process was not going to be any different from the polls of the 1950s and 60s.

Contrary to all indications and predictions, the one-person one-vote formula has contributed significantly to raising the pobtical awareness of Jordanians regardless of the shortcomings in the overall application of the formula, given the fact that voting districts and constituencies remain unchanged.

But, as the figures now indicate, there is little doubt that Jordanian voters, regardless of their political persuasions and perceptions, have politically matured enough to realise that the Kingdom is actually deep into the democratisation process lannched in 1989, and they would be the losers if they stayed out since it is their fate and future at stake in the hands of the Parliament expected to be elected in three days from now, This sentiment should be seen against the previous convictions of many that nothing was going to change regardless whether there was a parliament in the country or not.

The result of that comparison today to me represents political maturity.

Fate of First and Second districts

(Continued from page 1)

which has taken a very personal form of attack against PLO leader Yasser Arafat, bas alienated many residents of the Second District even among those who oppose the peace accord.

Analysts believe that the door is more open for pro-PLO supporters, leftist and tribal candidates to do better in contesting the seats in the two districts.

But candidates who traditionally support the PLO are now more deeply divided over the Palestinian autonomy talks between Israel and the organisation.

Huge banners supporting the PLO and others condemning the Oslo accord are indicative of the raging conlict over the his ment.

The outspoken support for PLO by some contenders is viewed as a sign of a hidden war hetween the supporters of the organisation, particu-larly of Fateh, and the Muslim Brotherhood.

Four years ago, Fatch, which maintains a sizeable presence in the refugee camps and eastern Amman, did not take clear sides in the election campaign, a move that eventually led to the triumpb of the Islamists, according to activists in the

This time around Fateh supporters are said to be backing a number of candidates, but their votes will be split among several contenders who are in the frontline of defending the PLO - in their platform and banners.

It remains to be seen if supporters of Palestinian groups, whether Fateb or the left, would be able to infiltrate what has become an Islamist stronghold after the 1989 elections.

In general, though most of the candidates in the two areas are of Palestinian origin. Some of them are running merely to make a political statement that the Israel-PLO accord should not affect their political rights in

The leading leftist candi-date in the First District is Mr. Azmi Al Khawaja, wbo is backed by the People's Democratic Party DPD (Hashd) and the People's Unity Party (PUP), or Wahda. He is a former Palestine National Council (PNC) member, who spent years in jail for his activism in the Jordanian arena.

Although Mr. Khawaja is a very strong contender, there are at least five other candidates competing for the third seat who could split the leftist-pro-PLO (groups) votes in the First District. These include Hamada Fara aneh, a columnist; Dr. Mohammad No'oman, who was expelled from Hashd for running against the party's candidate Kamal Nasser. president of Jordan's Bar Association; Theeb Abdullah, independent Islamist; Musa Kweider, a unionist and a member of the Progressive Socialist Party (Communist); and Fuad Dabbour, Baathist.

The two major leftist parties (Hashd and Al Wahda) were deeply disappointed when their agreement to launch a joint progressive

list, backing Mr. Khawaja, failed in bringing about a broader leftist-nationalist coalition.

Fateh supporters are said to be firmly behind Mr. Nasser who has flaunted a huge banner in the middle of Al Hussein refugee camp expressing support for the PLO. and rejection of transforming Jordan into a substitute homeland for the Palesti-

Candidates of Palestinian origin are trying to make a point that there is no contradiction between the Palestinian refugees' claim to their historical right to return to their homeland and exercising their political rights in

But there is a clear distinction between the attitudes of are mainly concentrated in the First District and in the Wihdat camp in the Second District — and refugees displaced in 1967.

For while the refugees of 1948 are more concerned not to jeopardise their civil and political rights in Jordan since their hopes for repatriation have been diminished following the Oslo accord the second category is keen to keep both.

The current elections campaign in the two districts has revealed a growing trend among Palestinians, mainly traditionalist politicians and notables, who are already rallying support for future unity between Jordan and a future Palestinian entity on federal

The attitude of traditionalist politicians, some of whom were members of the old Jordanian Parliament representing the West Bank, such as Mohammad Thouaib and Wabid Al Ja'abri in the Second District, is consistent with their long-standing posi-

But it was Mr. Fara'aneb, who has spent most of his life in PLO groups, who is actively and persistently pursuing the goal of unity "on equal basis between the two people," and who publicly expresses his opposition to the idea of an independent Palestinian state.

"I will oppose the idea of two independent Jordanian and Palestinian entities," be

Mr. Fara'aneb has become the first candidate to contest the elections while he remains a member of the Palestine National Council. The Interior Ministry initially turned down his application for nomination but the courts later revoked that decision.

Mr. Fara'aneh, at one stage a leftist who spent ten years in jail, does not see a contradiction since his "membership of the PNC and candidacy are consistent with the goal of future unity."

Sharp differences among pro-PLO groups and leftist candidates in the first district bave thwarted all attempts by mediators to talk the candidates to withdraw in favour of Mr. Khawaja. The split and scattered votes will further boost Sheikh Fakir's chances as well those of tribal candidates.

According to experts. around 85 per cent of the residents of the first district are Palestinian refugees,

mostly of 1948.

The Al Da'aja tribe has the most dominant presence in the area. Al Da'aja tribe are the original landowners of the areas where Palestinian refugees settled when they first came to Jordan - including the Hussein refugee camp, and the neighbour-hoods of Al Nozha, Wadi Al Hadadeh, Al Hashemi and Al Mahata. A prominent Al Da'aja

leader, Hamed Ahu Jamous, came fourth in 1989 but failed by a huge margin of votes, (4362 votes) after the three Islamists, (independent) Sheikh Faqir (13,418 votes), (Brotherhood) Abdul Aziz Jabr (11,188 votes) and (Brotherhood) Majced Khalifeb (9,708 votes). Dr. Khalifeb had pulled out from the race earlier on, and Mr. Abu Jamous thus becomes a more serious contender. Mr. Abu Jamous, will not rely solely on tribal votc. In fact, he seems to muster considerable support among refugees and, like many Da'aja notables. enjoys a good reputation as

an advocate of national unity. Another Da'aja, who is actually the "official" candidate of the clan, Rashed Al Brayseb, is influential in the Hashemi neighbourhood and is hoping to attract Palestimian votes by offering "ser-

vices" for refugees In the second district the strongest leftist candidates are Mr. Rateb Al Jneidi and Mr. Nizar Al Kayed. But while Mr. Kayed officially represents the Jordanian Progressive Party - an offshoot of the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP) that has no official ties with the PLO, Mr. Ineidi is running as independent, although he is closely affihated with Al Wahda

Party.
Mr. Jueidi is appealing for support among the big concentration of fellow Hebronites in the second district. A more traditional politician Waheed Al Jaabari will also sypbon off some of the Hebronite vote.

In 1989, the second districts' three seats went to two Brotherhood figures and an independent Islamist . They are Sheikb Abu Zant (19,343). Ali Hawamdeh (12,765 votes) and (independent, and associate of former deputy Leith Shbeilat) Sheikh Yacoub Qarrash (5,082). Dr. Hawamdeh and Sheikh Qarrash have not entered the race. A Fatch candiate, Fand Bayari, who is

IAF rally

(Continued from page 1)

chanted songs glorifying jihad and lamenting the fale of the crippled Palestinian leader, Ahmad Yassin, whom Israel is refusing to release from a Gaza prison.

But the applause and enthusiasm of the crowd was marketly low compared with the enthusiasm and numbers of the Islamist supporters that gathered in the same square in Wahdat just four years ago.

A storekeeper across the street from the rally place remarked that although both Mr. Mansour and maverick candidate Sheikh Abdul

president of Al Wihdat camp's cultural club, can also do well in this district, depending on whether suppor-ters of PLO can bring about a sea charge in the Islamists' fortunes.

Activists and analysts say that this polarisation of Palestinians, according to place of origin, has been reinforced by the one-person, one-vote system as many contenders believe that minimum votes could win them parliamentary seats. This phenomenon, the

practical parallel to tribal affiliations among Jordamians, is one of the trademarks of the campaign in the first and second districts and probably among concentration of Jordanians of Palestinian origin. ment by Mr. Mansour in the

second district, a move ordered by the IAF, is said to be due to a sharp drop in the former's popularity, who last time relied heavily on Sheikb Abu Zant's popularity to get the votes. It remains unclear bow the

IAF is planning to split its votes between its two candidates in the second districts (in the First, it has only one, Mr. Jahr). Some suggest the IAF is going to split female and male votes between the two; others believe there will be a geographic distribution of voters: neighbourhoods will be divided between the two candidates.

To a large extent the outcome of the elections will be determined by the turnout on Monday. A low turnout is expected to serve the IAF, who will make sure their members and supporters will show up at the polling booths. In the first district of 97,735 registered voters, a candidate needs to secure above 4,000 votes. While in the second district, of 111,752 registered voters, a winner will have to get at least 5,000

By Friday afternoon, the percentage of those who had actually collected their voting cards were 40 and 50 per cent m the first and second districts respectively, probably the lowest figures in the

Kingdom. Talking into consideration the fragmentation of the two districts, the high number of contenders, 21 and 22 respectively, the future deputies might rely on less than 2,000 votes resulting in a very narrow representation of the two

Munem Abu Zant may win seats in Parliament again, "this will be their last chance to prove that they can change our conditions here and make

here are concerned about Jordan. This comment would undoubtedly not have been heard four years ago when the power divisions over the occupied territories where not as clearly drawn as they

our lives better. Leave Pales-

tine to the Palestinians, we

are today, according to an observer of the election scene "Palestine is now in the hands of the PLO and Hamas. We here are not involved in what is happening, we are only observers," con-

cluded the storekeeper.

Elections

Fourth District challenges conservatives

(Continued from page 1)

this time around. "This is an introduction into politics for this young man. He may have a better chance during the next elections," one female member

the Hadid fam

Jordan Times. A rival clan of the Hadid family, Sahab's Abn Zaid's, is fielding this time Ahmad Abu Zaid, who is also expected to challenge the Hadid presence as a representative of the Fourth Dis-

The IAF for its part has chosen a member of the Sahab-based Maharmneb clan as its candidate and will reportedly rely heavily on Sahab residents as well as the district's-Palestinian population to seek victory.

Rival elements, however, pushed two other member of Mr. Maharmneb's clan to run against him to weaken his chances. One of the two, Mohammad Al Maharmneb. withdrew from the race this weekened in favour of his cousin the IAF candidate, Mobammad Abdul Karim Maharmach

Candidate Maharmneh has thus replaced Hamzeh Mansour as the official Islamist contender in the Fourth District. Mr. Mansour was nominated by bis party to run for one of the seats in the Second District along with

Sheikh Abdul Munem Abu

Zant (see story above).
"Most of the Palestinians bere are conservative Hebronites who will vote for the IAF candidate, but some are expected to give their votes to Mr. Qatarneh," noted-Ahu 'Alanda storekeeper

iad Mashlemon. Abu 'Alanda residents have their own candidate. namely Mohammad Hunciti, who will represent his clan in these elections.

Land ownership and employer-employee relations dominate much of the politics here, which, except for some IAF activity, is exclusively bmited to the male popula-

Many women did not vote in the 1989 elections here although many had collected their voting cards. Of the 33,000 eligible voters who had picked up their voting cards, only 19,000 voted in

Some 50,848 voters had collected their cards by the weekend and the "unknown" (or first-time) voters are expected to make the difference this time around.

Whether these first time voters will vote tribal, IAF or or Mr. Qatameh remains to be seen. No one in fact is willing to say more than that there are some six frontrunners in the race. But even these, many observers here say, could be upset by a surprise winner or two.

PLO puts off decision

(Continued from page 1) showed that it simply did not

understand the concept of withdrawal. But Major General Amnon Shahak, the chief Israeli dele-

gate, said the Israelis presented the plan as a basis for negociation, not as an ultima-Reports in Israel said the

PLO was angry because the plan would let Israeli troops travel between settlements on Gaza's main roads, leaving the impression that the Israelis had not left at all. In Israel, meanwhile, the

daily Hadashot said the defence ministry's adviser on the occupied territories, Danny Rothschild, flew secretly to London apparently to open a new channel with the PLO to

bypass the Taba talks.
Rabin spokesman Gad BenAri would not comment specifically on the report. He said Israel was sticking to the Taba format but left open the possibility Israel would pursue other approaches linked to the Taba negotiations.

U.S. stand

Washington believes it will be hard for Israel and the PLO to complete an accord on selfrule before the Dec. 13 dead-

line but has no plans to get involved now in the talks, a senior U.S. official said Thurs-

condition of anonymity, said Washington as been kept fully briefed on the talks and would consider a request to intervene one came from both sides. But the administration does not believe the talks have col-

lapsed and would prefer for

The official, who spoke on

israel and the PLO to sort out the difficult issues on thier own, the official said. Palestinian negotiators in Jersualem said the Palestinians were seeking greater U.S. involvement in the process. Currently, American diplomats

are present at Taba, but not at the negotiating table. "It is not enough for the United States to advise parties to the conflict," Saeb Erekat, deputy head of the Palestinian delegation, told the AP. They have to raise their level of participation in the talks, not

just watching and reporting." Hanan Ashrawi, the spokeswoman of the Palestinian delegation, said in a telephone interview from Washington that the United States "would prefer receiving a similar request from Israel" before in-

Multi-talented artist expresses 'belonging'

By Ica Wahbeh

Jordan Times Staff Reporter AMMAN - Among the temporary exhibitions hosted by Darat Al Funun's halls is that of Ammar Khammash. architect, painter, restoret, designer of innovative spirit.

His water-colours on paper and oils on paper and wood mostly reptesent Jordan's architectural landscape which, Mr. Khammash feels, the artist has a duty to record for post-

"We should decipher our environment, register it, make our own Jordanian art. Why go abroad? Amman is a vertical city, buildings are abstractly huilt; Jordanian artists should be aware of this environment before dreaming of political subjects," says the artist talking ahout abstract and realism

Articulate and driven by the a priori knowledge of what he wants to do, Mr. Khammash believes that artists who want to create abstract works should first have a knowledge of

"You have to know reality to abstract. Art now went so abstract, it is self-destructive. All art in the West has landscape. We need this; without the foundation of documentary art we cannot jump to the Western art.

The artist is fascinated by shadow: he studies and delves into its projection and intensity at different times of the year, is intent on what shapes the shadow - the object forming it and the object receiving it and considers as very important to know how a shadow of an object outside the painting is cast on the object in the painting while the viewer is between them, part, somehow,

of the process. So his landscapes, giving the sensation of space, are those of buildings, trees, nature hasking under a glaring sun whose light the eye has difficulty to control and diminish.

Technically, the artist says, he draws in pencil on site and then "I paint what I want to get rid of, not what I want to show. I burn the spaces between trees and they come out like a photo negative. Sun here is very strong. You have overexposure on your eyes, sometimes to the point of hurting. It is like in photography: more aperture to light, more abstract the out-

abstract art; even what seems so is representation of a certain imaginary landscape, the way the artist perceives it: from

elevation or in a plan. "Do you look at something from high above or on horizon-Mr. Khammash asks when talking about two smalldimensioned oils on wood, products of his imagination and of high-concentration works, "as if in sleep or

The desire to three-dimensionalise the two dimensions, a desire characteristic to mankind since it started to represent the objects around him in times immemorial, is masterfully done by Mr. Khammash with his play of shadow and

He does so with nature, where the blades of soil ploughed or maybe washed away by rain stand out on the flat surface, and with man's creation. building hanging on top of each other on cliffs.

He does so by painting the shadow, structuring his works to have spots of dark and white "hot, unpainted areas."

"I work somehow against the rules of physics. I believe you can increase something without necessarily adding. sometimes even by sub-

So he subtracts colour to increase white spaces, adopting rhe water-colour technique (where dilution of a colour can go to almost no colour) to oil. But he also has the desire to two-dimensionalise three dimensions. And this is obvious in some of the painted pieces of wood, "mostly furniture that I structured together where colour defies angles and grooves, naturally created by the superimposition of wood bits, and stubbornly flows to create the impression of con-

versed trompe l'oeil. Other than architectural landscape, Mr. Khammash's works represent nature (in the form of trees, flowers, vegetation) and still-life.

tinuity, reducing two dimen-

sions to one, sort of an in-

The pomegranates, whole or halved, are exquisitely represented. The well-structured ripe fruit shows its inner bounty through the dried skin and its fleshy seeds when cut.

Colours have taste for Mr. Khammash, so the greenish yellow matter around the seeds is a bitter reminder of his childhood's encounter with it.

And still-life is important for

him because by representing it over periods of time, he keeps a reference of what he is doing. sees "how I changed or not over years, I see what I discovered in my vision, how I changed a fixed thing, it gives me an assessment of my

But most important of all to Mt. Khammash are places. They haunt him, he dreams of

Interested in details, he knows his places well and feels that "my whole existence is uprooted when things I know are torn apart. It is a sense of place that they tear apart, and me with it. I feel safe when red poppies come hack. They are here, I am here, I am safe."

Thence the desire to document places, to keep them as they are.

A delicate, almost Chinese or Japanese in representation, jasmine, whose stem is interwoven in the fabric of darkness around it, giving it a three-dimensional look, is also a brilliant combination of colours (or no colours as the artist

Painted at night, the heavy mass of night is dark green. hlue, purple and the non-colour (and yet all colours together), the white flower, is sketched against this back-

The artist works extensively with this composition of colours and shapes. Two interiors, of his own room, are realised by the game of darkness-light texture, of very low, dark, and very high, light.

Sometimes water-colour and oil are in the same painting. "It is like in music, where the need to shift from one register to another brings in all sorts of instruments. I shift oil into water-colour. I do not need heavy oil, but I also do not need nothing (plain paper); so I work in water-colour to represent lighter surfaces."

All new works, Mr. Khammash's frames will be on display at the Abdul Hameed man Foundation until Dec. 3. And for those with a developed sense of space, it will be like viewing a documentary ahout places that tomorrow the rush for urbanisation might erase fot good.

Snippets and tidbits from

Campaign spurs jokes by Saltis who had been on receiving end; Islamists conduct internecine fights in open; journalists gag themselves

The 1993 elections campaign, serious as it appears, is not devoid of a light — sometimes fumy — side. These are tidbits about news, views and comments about the campaign that will appear (hopefully) every day in this corner until it is all over on Nov. 8. Humour is intended in the column, in no way

IF A prize could be given for the best jokes in the Kingdom, it should be given to jokes not about Saltis this time hut on the election campaign. In a casual interview with a citizen of the city this week on the chances of the Islamic Action Front (IAF) in the election, he said: "No, there is no gain from placing them in Parliament." Asked why, he answered: "If Hasbul Latof couldn't do anything in Russia, do you think Abdul Latif will be able to in Jordan?" He was directly referring to former chairman of the Russian parliament Ruslan Khasbulatov and comparing him to Dr. Abdul Latif Arabiyat. But to him Latouf sonnded close enough to Latif for him to draw political conclusions. Sometimes analysis can be hased on the most unlikely parallels.

ANNOUNCING SUPPORT for one candidate or another in the Third District is risky business, it seems. Every time a function is held that appears to favour one candidate over the other, the camp of his competitor(s) starts complaining. The issue is highlighted especially in the case of the three main contestants for the Muslim seat: Faris Nabulsi, Ali Abu

Ragheb and Taher Masri. plex, Safeway, kept flashing his name on a digital sign that faces one of the most Mr. Nabulsi, who has an across-the-hoard support crowded traffic lights in west-ern Amman. What can a among voters, was apparently criticised over the weekend for tying his name so closely candidate do in this world of to former deputy Laith checks and balances or lack Shbeilat. Critics say that Mr. Nabulsi stands on his own as a principled and respected

A CHRISTIAN candidate for the Third District, who had, by luck or marriage, guaran-teed a good number of votes from a particular Christian community, lost his fortune for a little bit of greed. Hav-ing got the earlier support, the candidate wanted more than Christian votes: he approached the Islamists in a bid to seek their hacking as well. No details of a meeting he held with the Islamists were leaked, but the news of it being held was enough for that ethnic community to reverse its decision to support him. Initial reports now indicate that the voters have decided that they would rather

candidate who can be more true to his principles (and

DURING AN Islamic Action Front public rally in the city of Zarqa last week, some youth driving past thought they were missing a party. The group of young men, having already visited a bar, decided to join the party and have some fun. There were three of them. The first two were caught at the entrance and kicked ont. The third escaped the hands of the organisers and managed to create a few tremors among the religious crowd, until of course he was caught. As he was dragged ont, everyone who came close to him hit him with a chair or whatever was close hy, until the rap-porteur of the raily asked them to stop. The order took no more than a few seconds to be observed. Where some



The site of the 'party' in Zarqa (Photo by Yousef Al Allan)



are disorganised, others are

THE JORDAN Times wanted to understand this week why Arabic dailies have so far avoided writing analytical pieces predicting the outcome of the elections in the different districts. It was not because their reporters were incapable of writing them, we thought: It must be something else. Our own experience in the Jordan Times may give an indication as to what might be the reason. As reports were published on the different districts in this newspaper, phone calls kept pouring in from candidates or their friends demanding to know why our reporters favonred some candidates over others. One candidate, aware that he had little chance to win, wanted his name to be mentioned anyway under an analysis on the "surprise element."

Another, who also knew his chances were slim, wanted the paper to highlight his role as a "spoiler" for one of the frontrunners. A third, who had proposed himself as the candidate for the "silent majority" blasted the newspaper for its "lack of credibility" even though he knew that his "majority" most probably falls within the percentage that did not register to vote. And yet another, who did not read English, heard about one of our reports and wanted "a summary over the phone," because he had no time to come pick the newspaper np. And most other callers said that "media monopoly" by some of the candidates is what is getting them into the reports. The headache that reports

cause journalists could there-

fore be responsible for Ara-

bic papers refraining from

writing at all. What else can

the reason be?

NIMR AL Haj Salmah Al Assaf, an IAF candidate in the fifth district, is being "oppressed" by his hawkish colleagues Mohammad Abu Faris and Hammam Saiid who share the IAF ticket for that district with him. The two imposing personalities are trying to push him out of the race to guarantee themselves a place in Parliament. According to sources, Drs. Abu Faris and Saiid did not initially want Mr. Assaf to be included on the IAF list, and when they were forced to deal with it, they started working against him. They have common hanners asking voters to stick with them. almost giving the impression that they are the only IAF candidates in that district. They have encroached on his 'allocated" space in that district by attempting to contact voters who they were specifically told by the IAF lead-ership should be left to Mr. Assaf. The IAF, according to the sources, had asked the two hawks to concentrate their efforts on "Palestinian" voters and leave the tribal vote to Mr. Assaf, who is a scion of a large Jordanian clan. But they were caught later setting up contacts with the tribes. After all attempts to bring the two into line failed, the IAF took matters into its own hands. Dr. Ahmad Noufal, a highly respected leader of the Muslim Brotherhood Movement, and Youssif Al Athem, another equally influential IAF personality, have placed ads in the newspaper calling on voters to attend a rally for Mt. Assaf. No mention was made of Drs. Abu Faris and Saiid who seem to think that they are the solution," as one observer put it.

Nermeen Murad

No unilateral peace treaty

(Continued from page 1)

The Washington Post reported Thursday Israel has opened secret negotiations with Syria and Jordan.

Early Friday editions of the newspaper quoted "well-informed sources" as saying Mr. Peres had met secretly with seniot Jordanian officials in a bid to achieve a quick breakthrough to peace.

At the same time, Israeli and Syrian defence officials were said to have met in Europe in the last few days to discuss security arrangements if Israel withdrew from the occupied Golan Heights.

The Post quoted a senior Israeli official as cautioning against a quick breakthrough.
Mr. Peres touched off a wave of speculation Wednesday when he told Israel television. remember the third of November.

Two Israeli ministers confirmed Friday Israel and Syria were secretly negotiating in a bid to reach a peace agree-

"Israel, like any sovereign country uses open and secret diplomacy," Housing Minister Binyamin Ben Eliezer told Israel radio.

"The momentum has been maintained with Syria. It's no secret. Meetings are always taking palce" between representatives of both countries,

he said. But he refused to answer questions about a report in Thursday's newspapers that seniot Israeli military officers had met their Syrian countetparts recently in a European

The Hadashot newspaper said on Friday that Israeli Chief of Staff Ehud Barak led a delegation to talks with Sy-

rians in Cyprus recently. Both reports were denied, the first hy Mr. Peres and the second hy the defence ministry.

But Health Minister Chaim Ramon told Friday's Haaretz newspaper: "We are in permanent negotiations with the Syrians and the United States and Egypt are associated with that.

"The two countries pass on

messages," he explained. Israel had set two condi-tions, he said. "We want clarifications on security questions and the oormalisation of relations betweeen the two coun-

"I cànnot say any more. When we have reached agreement on this, we will outline the scope of an Israeli withdrawal from the Golan.'

Syria Friday denied it was pursuing secret talks with Israel, saying that the only meetings held were those scheduled under the terms of bilateral peace talks in Washington.

secret contacts between Syria and Israel are false," a Foreign Ministry spokesman quoted by the official SANA news agency

politician who serves the in-

terest of liberal leftist voters

and does not need the sup-

port of an Islamist politician

who is supposed to have re-

tired from politics. But prop-

onents of Mr. Nabulsi say

that the alliance should be

seen in its human rights con-

text and not Islamist versus

liberal. Mr. Abu Ragheh, a

young energetic husiness-

man, did not escape criticism

either. The Businessmen

Association organised a

gathering for him with Jorda-

nian corporate moguls. Some

voters are upset that the asso-

ciation did not host any other

candidate in the district and appeared to be sending a

message that Jordan's

businessmen are endorsing the candidacy of Mr. Abu

Ragheb and nobody else's,

which, some of the participat-

ing businessmen say, is not

true. "If a member of the

association wanted to en-

dorse Mr. Abu Ragheb's can-

didacy be should have held

the function for him at his

home," an angry business-man said. Not that Mr. Abu

Ragheb would have been

saved if that had happened.

Becanse Mr. Masri, for

whom a businessman called

Riyadh Al Saifi hosted a

meeting with voters, was also

criticised for accepting Mr.

Saifi's support. Not only that,

some people were upset that his family's business com-

"The only framework under which the Syrian and Israeli parties are conducting discussions tied to the peace process between is that of the bilateral negotiating sessions in Washington and the efforts of the two co-sponsors (the United States and Russia)," he

Israeli media reported Friday Mr. Peres met secretly with His Majesty King Hussein on Tuesday to discuss details of a future peace treaty.

Reports of the Nov. 2 meeting said it was somewhere on the southern Israeli-Jordanian frontiet in the Gulf of Aqaha. Spokesmen for Mr. Petes and Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin declined comment on

, the reports.

eration. The radio added, however: "Jordan will not take the plunge and sign a peace agreement before Israel reaches a similar agreement with Syria."

Israel radio said the pur-

ported discussions centred on

for peace and economic coop-

In Amman, officials said King Hussem had spent several days in Aqaba recently, but they refused to confirm or deny a meeting with Mr. Peres.



Residents of Jerusalem's Old City pass hy an Israeli borderguard searching a Palestinian

youth from Gaza, on his way to the mosque for the Friday noon prayer (AFP photo)

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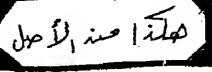
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Economists see tide turning on Japan current account surplus

TOKYO (R) Japan's conten-nous current account surplus rose in September to a record \$63.71 billion for the six months to September, but economists and officials are con-

vinced the tide will turn soon. There might have been a treod in the past that Japan's current account surplus continued to grow, but I have the impression that the trend has recently changed," a Finance Ministry official sold reporters

The finance ministry said Japan's unadjusted current account surplus widened more than 10 per cent to \$13.31 hillion in September from a surplus of \$12.06 billion a year earlier. It was \$7.23 billion in

August.
The September trade surplus widened to \$14.65 billion in September from \$13.49 billion a year earlier and \$8.97 billion in August, the ministry said The September current account surplus was well within the range predicted hy private

economists — between \$11.6

billion and \$13.5 billion, unadjusted for seasonal sectors The surplus for the six month period a year ago was \$57.04 billion.

The trade surplus rose to \$70.77 billion in the six-month period from a revised \$65.45 billion a year ago.

"The strength of the surplus is quite breathtaking ...but it is probably in the last throes of the J-curve," said Chris Calderwood, economist at Barclays de Zoete Wedd Securities

Nonetheless, ecocomists agreed that the strong yen will start whittling away at the surplus, if not this year theo early

In the so-called J-curve effect, the yen's rise initially boosts the dollar value of exports before it reduces volume, therehy pushing up the surplus even as the strong currency saps the price competitiveness of Japanese goods overseas.

Only later does the strong yen dampen export volume enough to reduce the dollar

value of exports as well. In yen terms, Japan's sur-pluses are already falling.

The current account surplus fell 5.3 per ceot to 1.40 trillion yeo (\$12.9 billion) in September from a year earlier while the trade surplus dropped 6.8 per cent to 1.54 trillion yen (\$14.2 billion).

There's oo disputing there was a big adjustment underway in the third quarter (in terms of export and import volumes) and eventually that will feed through into the dollar oum-Mr. Calderwood aid.

Economists said the strong yen had not only dampened export volume hut increased the attractiveness of imports, and both trends were likely to

The dollar value of exports rose in September to \$32.53 billion from \$27.08 hillion in August and \$30.84 hillion a year earlier. Imports totalled \$17.88 billion in September against \$18.11 billion in August and \$17.35 a year earlier.
"In volume terms, exports

survival of corporate Japan would oot be easy in view of the present government's desire to stop charting a course

for iodustry, and without Western products to copy. "Companies are oow choked up with excessive production

and imports rising rapidly," said Nobuyuki Saji, economist at Nikko Research Centre.

The fact that imports are ris-

ing even when the economy

remains slow shows just how

The J-curve effect might

contioue to nudge the current.

account and trade surpluses up

through the end of calendar

1992. but that from around

January, both are likely to start to decline, Mr. Saji said.

In an earlier Reuter report,

economists said that hauling

Japan out of its worst post-war

recession hinges on how effec-

tively manufacturers can shake

up production and create oew

prodoct lines to lure back

But they warned that the

iaded consumers.

attractive they are.

capacity of unwanted goods. which is delaying the recovery and adding to gloomy employment prospects," said Teruhiko Mano, advisor to the presi-

dent of Bank of Tokyo. The slump in consumer spending, a major factor behind the recession, is not due to lack of cash to spend, but rather because there is nothing attractive to buy, economists

"Recovery from the recessioo hinges on whether companies can take the initiative to shake up their products and either meet or create consumer needs," Mr. Mano said.

But many firms, particularly large ones, are at a loss about what to do now that imitaring Western products is no longer sufficient.

"In the past several decades. Japanese firms have been struggling to catch up with Western enterprises," said Yasushi Okada, senior economisi of Daiwa Institute of Research Ltd.

But now that they have

achieved, and in some instances even surpassed, the quality and production capacity of the West, they have lost direcnon, he said.

Restructuring of Japanese firms has so far focused on cutting non-essential costs, such as expensive dinners with clients or office equipment, instead of streamlining decadesold production lines, they said.

'All manufacturers are doing is lamenting the lack of consumer interest in unreasonably high-priced goods whose values don't live up to their price tags," Mr. Mano said. For the past few decades the

Japanese government has provided a basic scenario for domestic industries and given them detailed help so they could compete efficiently with Western industries.

But the new government of Prime Minister Morihiro. Hosokawa is trying to slowly disengage itself from that role, the economists said.

"What Japan's new government is trying to do is to let the firms find their own targets by taking risks themselves through the removal of various government rules and regulaions," said Mr. Okada of

Daiwa. The latest draft of a key advisory panel to the prime minister urged the removal, in principle, of all government regulations on business activity, while keeping certain rules in secto such as finance, securities and real estate.

The planned deregulation might create unemployment in areas previously protected by the government, the economists said.

Such industries have been cocooned by protection from international competition, and the economists said exposure to global market forces might lead to restructuring that could cost jobs.

"But, it could also provide new sources of demand, and if companies fail to cash in on the new demand, corporate managers have no choice but (to) actively lay off employees, as U.S. companies, do," Mr. Okada said,

He said firms must create new demand at their own risk rather than keeping old production lines.

Japan's unemployment rate rose to 2.6 per cent in September, the highest level in more than five years.

Meanwhile, consumer

spending keeps dwindling. Sales at Japan's major department stores and supermarkets dropped 3.7 per cent in September from a year ago, marking the 16th consecutive month of year-on-year de-

Dollar expected to continue to strengthen against European currencies

This report is submitted by Naser Nabulsi, private client group, Merrili Lynch-Dubai

Overview -

Fundamental view: The dollar has rallied to the DM 1.70 level in response to a sbarp narrowing of U.S.-German interest rate differentials. U.S. money market rates have risen sharply in recent days in response to firm economic data. The dollar should continue to strengthen against European currencies in coming quarters as interest rates in Europe declice further. The U.S. and Japan both appear content to let the dollar remain indefinitely in the 100-to-110 range of recent months. But upward pressure on the yen is likely to reemerge next year even if Japan's current account surplus narrows somewhat. We continue to look for the dollar to rise to DM 1.85 while falling to yen 95 over the next 12 months.

Technical view: The U.S. dollar index was up over 2.4 per cent for the month of October. This represented the second largest monthly gain of 1993 and came as a result of broad dollar strength versus the European currencies and the Japanese yen. By contrast, the greenback suffered month-tomonth declines against both the Australian and Canadian dollars. While long term momentum oscillators for the dollar are still upwardly biased, they are under pressure. This is best represented by the fact that, if the dollar index is unable to hold above the 93.60 area through the end of November, our primary long term momentum oscillator will turn down for the first time since its September 1992 low. That is the potential bad news.

The good news is that the dollar's oversold medium term oscillator has reversed to the upside versus not only the dollar index, but also versus each of the three major European currencies we regularly discuss as well as the Japanese yen. This would imply that the dollar index's July-October correction is either complete or virtually so. Since medium term rallies usually tend to last three months or more, this would suggest that the potential long term pressure will be alleviated.

From current levels, next resistance for the dollar index is indicated at this past summer's 95.80 high; a rally decisively through that level would allow for a challenge of 97.50-98.00. As for support, any near term correction that holds above 92.50 will likely be best interpreted as a normal reaction in a relative new uptrend. A penetration of that 92.50 level would allow for a full test of at least the October low (91.76) and perhaps the September low (90.29).

Deutschemark

Fundamental view: The dollar's surge to the DM 1.70 level in recent days reflects a sharp narrowing of U.S.-German short-term interest rate differentials. The U.S.-German gap in two-year rates, which has been closely correlated with the Deutschemark exchange rate in recent years, has narrowed to about 125 basis points versus 165 basis points a week ago and 230 basis points in early May. Mounting evidence that the U.S. economy is beginning to experience more robust growth our estimate is 4.2 per cent for the current quarter — has pushed money market rates up sharply in the U.S. in recent days as short-term interest rates in Germany have declined.

Relative husiness cycle and interest rate trends continue to point toward weaker European currencies in the year ahead. A 2% decline in German industrial production in September virtually erased a 2.2 per cent gain in the previous month,

confirming that Germany's economy continues to stagnate. Even if U.S. growth slows back to the 2.5-to-3.0 per cent range next year, as is widely expected, U.S. short-term interest rates should remain in a relatively narrow range next year while sbort-term rates in Germany fall to 4-4.5 per cent. We continue to look for the dollar to reach DM 1.80 and DM 1.85 over the next six and 12 months respectively.

Technical view: The Deutschemark dropped 3.2 per ceot month-to-month versus the U.S. dollar. Long term momenturn has been weak since last October and is likely to remain so as long as the currency is unable to rally to and through the 1.60 DM/U.S.\$ level. Nonetheless, long term sentiment is viewed as overbought and is at levels not seen in 12 months. This last point, plus the fact that medium term momeotum oscillators have peaked, implies that the pressure will be on the currency in coming weeks. Finally, the currency's decline through 1,693 level in recent days has done much to imply that any subsequent DM rally will likely be only a reaction within a new downtrend, rather than a full-blow test of the recent bighs

All of this tends to confirm the view that the currency's dominant longer term downtrend is still in force. This implies that an eventual decline to 1:75 and beyond remains a reasonably strong probability. The mark/yen cross-rate has moved into the benchmark 62-64 trading range even as medium term momentum appears to be constructive. However, short term oscillators are weak, and a more severe test of support is likely before the medium term strength can reassert itself. The 66,50-67,00 level has proven to be good resistance. and a decisive rally back through that benchmark would do much to signal further strength toward important chart resistance at 70-72.

Pound sterling

Fundamental view: The pound remained at 1.48 U.S.\$/1 but traded higher against the DM at DM/: 2.51 due to DM weakening versus the dollar. We cootinue to expect the pound to depreciate further against the dollar but strengtheo against the DM, driven largely by projected changes in short-term interest rate differentials. We for cast a 45 basis point decline in three-month pound Eurorates over the next twelve months versus a 30 basis point rise in dollar rates and a 185 basis point fall in DM rates. Also underlying the pound's expected 12-month rise to DM/: 2.61 are our above-consensus forecast of 1994 U.K. growth at 3.2 per cent and our below-consensus projection of no German growth in 1994. Our 12-month forecast for the U.S.\$/: rate is 1.41.

Technical view: The British pound lost 1.0 per cent against the U.S. dollar last month. However, the relative strength properties for this currency appear to be somewhat stronger than those of some of the other European currencies. As with those currencies, medium term momentum has peaked, indicating a potential decline in coming weeks. Unlike those currencies, longer term oscillators appear to be bottoming. With longer term sentiment only neutral, this currency is

better positioned for a potential bottom than other European currencies. Thus, the anticipated upcoming medium term decline will have to be monitored closely. There is important long term chart support at 1.40-1.42 U.S.\$/: and important long term momentum support at \$1.36-\$1.37. The ability to hold at or above these levels in coming weeks could well improve the chance that a longer term bottom is forming. More medium terrii support exists near \$1.46. Important long term resistance exists near \$1.60, but there is interim

resistance in the 1.55-1.58 range. Versus the DM, sterling has been able to maintain its relative strength. However, medium term momentum for the cross-rate appears to be hottoming. While such a bottom may be delayed for a few weeks hy the fact that short term oscillators are overbought, when they do bottom, they will join already upwardly hiased long term indicators. Such a development would do much to support the currency's developing relative strength position. Nearby resistance exists at 2.50-2.53. Important support is at 2.43-2.44.

Japanese yen

Fundamental view: The dollar has pulled back to the 107 level against the ven in recent days, even as it strengthened against European currencies. The ven is typically less sensitive to interest rate differentials that the European currencies and bas reacted little to the sharp rise in U.S. short rates in recent days. Recent comments by Mr. Fred Bergsten, a Washingtonbased economist whose views are considered influential within the Clinton administration, may have helped boost the yen. Mr. Bergsten recommended that central banks take concerted action if the dollar rises to above the 110 yen level to help enforce a target range of 100-to-110 yen. He also noted that the yen will need to rise to the 95 level against the dollar to curtail Japan's current account surplus if Japan's economy remains weak. This view is consistent with our forecast for further ven strength in 1994. Recent Japanese economic data continue to point to a "double-dip" recession, with industrial production in October expected to fall a sharp 5.9 per cent. Although Japan's global trade surplus appears to have peaked

in July, its surplus against the U.S. has risen in recent months. We would not be surprised to see the U.S. seek further yen appreciation next year if Japan's external surplus remains high against the backdrop of a sluggish economy. We maintain our 6-and 12-month forecasts for the yen/USD rate of 100 and 95 respectively. Over the next twelve months, we look for the yen to trade in a broad range of 90-to-110 against the dollar.

Technical view: The Japanese yen fell 2.3 per cent against the U.S. dollar last month for its largest monthly decline since October of last year. Nonetheless, long term momentum for the yen did confirm the recent highs and remains downwardly biased. At the same time, long term sentiment is near oversold and is approaching levels last seen in early 1992 and again in early 1993 - near fairly important yen lows. We are still. inclined to think that the currency has the potential to move lower, toward the 110-112 JY/U.S.\$ area. Regardless of whether that level is achieved, upcoming weakness will be viewed in the context of a still intact long term uptrend. The August bigh near 100 should continue to provide both chart and psychological resistance for the currency.

S. Korea receives record shipbuilding orders

SEOUL (AFP) - South Korea received a record amount of overseas shipbuilding orders this year, doubling the volume garnered by the world's traditional largest shiphuilder, Japan. The Korea Shipbuilding Association (KSA) said the increase

was "mainly thanks to the strong yen."

South Korea's nine shipvards had received a total of 8,7 million gross tonnes of overseas sbipbuilding orders, worth more than \$7 billion, during the first 10 months through October.

The 8.7 million tonnes represented 6.5 times the amount of foreign orders South Korea had received during the same period last year. It also compared to 4.2 million tons of overseas orders

Japan won during the first nine months to September. The KSA said South Korean shipyards started having competitive edges over their Japanese competitors when the yen rose beyond 120 ven to the dollar,

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SATURDAY NOVEMBER 6, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: This will be a good day to invest in yourself and to avoid starting new projects. Wind up details that you haven't finished on past activities and get your own house in order. Expect the unexpected. ARIES: (March 21 to April 19)

tried and proven friends now and to keep calm when some unpredictable acting persons are irritating to you. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) If you are confronted by some problems that perplex you in the

You would be wise to stick to

world of outside activity maintain your cool and look at them objectively today. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 2t) You certainly need to be reticent about any new commitments of any kind today or tonight and to handle matters in a manner best

found to follow your ideas. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Consider well whatever your promises are and make sure that you carry through with them in a truly conscientious fashion for right results.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Ali into the open but be grateful for them since you are given the chance to know just where you

stand in public. VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Your interest in getting much of your duties done today

may be a little difficult so go along with these in your stride and pause when necessary. LIBRA: (September 23 to Octo-

ber 22) Pursue those pleasures and amusements today which are simple and not too costly and you will have an agreeable time which otherwise would not SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Take some time

out now to find out in an amicable manner just what you can do to make conditions at your own dwelling more harmonious for whomever is there. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Some odd co

ditions can happen in your rela-tions with outside contacts today or tonight so keel on a , level keel and gain their respect.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) You want to make some drastic changes in the way you add to your assets or income now but such requires much further study and analysis.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) You are ambiv to the best means by which you can gain your personal aims and you need to decide and then proceed cautiously to get them. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Consider well what your intite longings are and consider your various options in order to make them a part of your life, then proceed slowly to do so.

Peanuts









Andy Capp



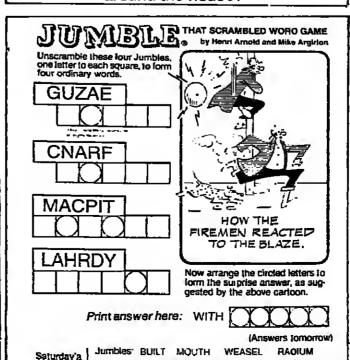


Mutt'n'Jeff





"If you can't get rid of him, can you at least get him to help out around the house?"



What kind of waiter won't accept a lip?
A DUMB WAITER





48 Actor Albert

49 "- Triste" 50 incensed 51 AKA (Lake)

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CHEMISTO AMERIC TRADERS ACTIVITY FO		J/10/155	2 - 02/1	1/10531
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	ACCTING CET	CEDP 1340	PRICE	PRICE
AND MAKE	30	74100		
Ababilis Marricula, mana	149,665	181.800	151.000	
MICHAEL AND INCOMPRESENCE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON ADDRESS OF THE PERSON AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON ADDRESS	16,215	6.100	5.000	5.110
AMERICAN PER DESCRIPTION OF STREET	52,40e 100,517	1.010	1.900	1.850
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AND AND THE PARTY AND THE PART	338,533	1.100		
MAN JOHN PROTESTABLE BYEN	14,000	4.000	3.050	4.000
	87,522	4.610		4.550
INCOMES BANK	8,284 2,460	4.500		
SHARM INVESTMENT & STRANCE BANK	10,400	5.500		
PRICE STREET PURITIES INVESTMENT FOR MODELING	0,140	6.320	6.400	4.300
1446 AMELIAN PROPERTY	145,160	1.790	1.400	1.780
CHILAPLIFATA PROPERTY AND	373,443 77,087	5.510		
SAITE INCOMES	11,700	5.800	3.900	1.900
CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE P	204	2.860	2.270	2.270
SECONDARY SECURITION	1,512 22,000			
JOHN PRESCH ENGINARIES	35,547	2.618	3.690	
AND THE STREET THE STREET	15,255	2.300	2.250	2.250
MAR LIFE & ACCIDENT LINES AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE	230	2.200	3.300	5.300
Test COTTOMAL AND TA THEORY COME	3,797 2,830	3.840 3.820		
AL-WATER AL-ANDEL TRANSPORT	2,030	4,700		
SOMEWHAN ELECTRIC POWER	268,521	2.220	2.200	3.240
INPIG DISTRICT RESCRIPTION	345,171	7.300	1.150	5.504
ADDICATE CHARGE LEGISLATION	8,100 3,001	1.210 4.600	1.270	1.540
AND INTERNATIONAL ACCRECA	14,030	4.600		
JORDAN PATTONAL BRIDGING LINES	627	1.620	1.020	1.620
TORONA TOURISM & SEA COMPLEX / COLUMN	05,611	1.300	1.100	1.100
CARSON PORTECTO AMERICANS	50,221 62,416	1.110		
REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT	0,400	1.360	1.000	1.620
PETRA ESTROJERS D. MANTHEMAN COLUMN	322	1.050	1.810	D.550
MORNA LETERNATIONAL TRADING CENTER HACRIMARY ROUTP. RENTING & MAINTENANCE	6,484	5.150	2.120	5.010
JUNEAU LIESE MODERATION / PLFF. 2	525 50.131	1.068	1.056	1.050
JUPINAM PRESS & PUBLICATION /AD-DUSTONS	15,950	13.200	15.460	14.585
Shilds Midder Stat & Considers Molific	154,000	3.170	3.399	2.170
AREA LATER, FOR THRESHADIT & EDUCATION	80, 205	2.900	3.420	3.480
TOUGHT CONSC. MATERIAL HARMACTURES	1,100	31.500	25.000	
the Johnson CEMBLE ANGIONIES	0,102 220,354	5.000 2.050	2.100 3.100	
MOROAN PROSPRATE RELIES	025	2.450	2.300	3.300
THE ARAB POTAGE	2,290	55.000	55.000	55.000
JOSEPH PETROLEM REFERANT JOSEPH TANKENS	22,550	8.800	B. 900	8.900
THE INCOSTRUAL COMPERCIAL & ACRECULTURAL	13,021	9,800 7,150	1.150	7.810
THE POSICIAL MORESTED MILLS	51,125	11.218		1.110
ARAS PRABRACISTICAL RANGERCTURING	385,586	0.500	8.510	
JORDAN CERANIC INDUSTRIES JORDAN DAINS	10.752	7. 580	2.000	1.400
JORDAN DATIO THE JORDAN SEPES HUNDPACTUREDS	5,500	3.150	2-150	2-140
JOSEPH PAPER & CARDODAED PRETERIES	29.575	2.750	2.150 4.500	
ARAB CHERICAL DETERGENTS INCHESTRIES	17,855 21,275	25.250	4.300 22.500	22.000
DELYGER & DELYGER & DELYGER 98	2,122	3,150	2.700	2.650
BATTA INDUSTRIES			3.350	2.250
JOSENN GLASE INDESTRITE BAS AL DAMA DEVELOPMENT & INVESTMENT	2,501	3.386	3.330	
ARAB INVESTMENT & IMMEDITIONAL TRADE	2,501 11,394	0.380	0.340	0.380
NAME AND PARTY OF A PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE P	2,501 11,396 150,398	0,350 15.100	0.340 14,150	16.000
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CONFAST'S HAME		TRABING VOLUME AD	PREV, CLOSING PRICE	DPEKING PRICE	MICE
CENTRAL GENERAL	TRADING & ENGRAGE	43, 240	1.150	1,200	1.130
FORDAR TRADE FA	TI-ITEE	132,360	0.750	0.740	0.750
NYPOLE EAST FOR	DEVE-S TRADE CO. 54%	599	0.930	0.630	0.050
TARKS BLEMMON,	LINTER DEVISION THOUSAND	731	1.400	1,520	1.645
JOSEPH TOPOPIKE	NE PEROMICES CO.	29,717	2.350	3.340	2.510
MATIONAL CHICKE	at laboratedne co. Lid	27,734	3.345	3,450	2.450
PATROMAL TEXTEL	E S PLANTICE IND. CO 75%	20, 444	1.410	1.420	1.344
JOHNA WEN CASE	COMPANY 75%	42,711	3.250	3.100	2.110
MATIONAL PURTER	LE DEPENDENCE PER	46, 114	2,244	7.356	3.174

5,634,50

Financial Markets

CRASP TOTAL



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Currency	1 MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTH
U.S. Dellar	3.00	\$.43	3.43	. 3.60
Sterling Pound	5.62	5.50	5.37	5.31
Druische Mark	6.50	6.57	6.06	5.56
Swim Franc	4.50	4.37	¥.10	4.00
French Franc	6.51	6.68	6.31	5.81
Japanese Yen	2.43	2.25	2.12	2.15
European Currency Unit	7.25	7.15	6.87	6.37

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Metal	USD/Uz	JDA:m	Metal	USTVOz	JD/Gm
Gold	567.95	7.00	Sher	4.35	0.100

Carrency	Bid	S: 3:11/79 Offer
		•
[.5. Dollar	0.6990	0.7010
Sterling Pound	1.0360	1.0413
Destsche Murk	0.4137	0.4158
Sum Franc	3.4665	0.4685
French Franc	0.1154	0.1190
Japanese Yeu	0.6472	0.6304
Dutch Gailder	0.3681	0.3699

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Betgian Franc	04***	*****
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Lebsone Link	0.040175	0.041255
Saude Rival	8.1861	0.1880
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Qatari Riyal	0.1890	0.1918
Landing Found	0.2050	0.2220
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Correl Brachma	0.2805	0.3245
Cyprist Political	7.3385	1.3875

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for loading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and bullion markets Friday.

S \$1.00 costs

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Italian Lita

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1.2928/38 1.6978/88 1.9050/60 1.5040/50 36,30/34 5,9025/25 1641.6/3.1 108.20/25 8.1354/75 7.3595/95 6.7593/93 \$1.4780/90 \$374,25/374.75

Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

BIS decision hurts Arab development

DUBA1, United Arab Emirates (AFP) - A decision by the Bank of International Settlement (BIS) on lending activities worldwide is expected to complicate attempts by poor Arab states to heal their ailing economies, regional experts have said.

The decision by BIS's Basel committee classified all Arab states, except Saudi Arabia, as bigh-risk areas in loan operations, triggering protests from many of them on the grounds they enjoyed a robust financial.

"It bas become more difficult for Arab states to obtain loans from international mar-

kets because of that classification," the Kuwait -based Arab Corporation for Investment Guarantee (ACIG) said in a study to an Arab investment conference in the United Arab Emirates (UAE). "This could affect development at a time

have launched reforms.' Saudi Arabia, the world's top oil producer and exporter, was excluded from the classification because it is the fifth largest creditor to the International Monetary Fund (IMF), delegates to the conference

when several Arab nations

It has maintained that rank though its reserves with the

Washington-based IMF has steadily shrunk as it was constantly forced to withdraw from the funds to shore up a persistent budget deficit caused by a fall in oil prices.

Official Arab figures showed the Saudi reserves, including gold, stood at \$11.6 billion at the end of 1991 compared with \$16.7 billion in 1989, \$22.6 billion in 1987 and \$25 billion

Gulf states have said they were taking measures to consolidate their financial position to persuade Basel committee to revise its decision, which was enforced at the start of

The measures include reforms in the banking sector to ensure all banks meet a BIS floor of eight per cent for capital adequacy, the ratio between shareholders equities

and assets.

They also included boosting their reserves with IMF. Arab League figures showed the reserves of most members of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) have steadily increased since BIS made its proposals in

The UAE's reserves increased to \$5.3 billion in 1991 from \$4.4 billion in 1988 while those of Kuwait rose to \$3.4 billion from \$1.9 billion in the

Oman boosted them to \$1.66 billion from around \$1 billion. Bahrain to nearly \$1.5 billion from \$1.2 billion and Oatar to \$632.2 million from \$474.5 mil-

"Gulf states and other Arab oil producers will hardly be affected by the BIS decision as they rarely resort to foreign borrowing. Even if they seek loans from international markets, they will not find any difficulty because their financial position is still strong," said a delegate at the confer-

"Most other Arab League members will suffer as they are

in a bad need of funds to finance reforms at a time when aid and remittances from the Gulf have sharply fallen and their debt has steadily grown. There is no doubt, this will slow down reforms and affect domestic development."

According to the ACIG study, Arab states have heavily depended on loans to finance development in the past two decades. Between 1973 and 1990, Arabs borrowed \$116 billion while loans and other development funds totalled \$180 billion, of which \$47 billion came from oil-rich mem-

Kuwait central bank offers help with mergers

central bank governor has said mergers were the best method of tackling excess banking capacity but he would not force banks to merge.

"The Central Bank of Kuwait will offer all help and advice possible to make merger operations succeed, as they are the best way of reorganising the banking and financial sector, uplifting its perform-ance and advancing it," Sheikh Salem Abdul Aziz Al Sabah told a conference on bank mer-

"The Central Bank of Kuwait does not seek to impose mergers on units of the

banking and financial sector," be said. The decision to merge should arise from the conviction of the units that want to merge and with the approval of their general meetings. The central bank does not encourage mergers as an aim in themselves, but as a means of

achieving the public interest." Among banks most often mentioned as candidates for mergers are Commercial Bank of Kuwait, Bank of Kuwait and the Middle East and the two specialist banks, Knwait Real Estate Bank and the Industrial Bank of Knwait.

Sheikh Salem said his belief that mergers could be an im-

ment of the banking sector bad increased since Iraq's 1990-91 occupation "which had a negative effect especially on the banking and financial sector."

He said mergers could achieve the following goals:

— Creation of large banking units which enjoyed a solid

 Preserving the safety and stability of the banking sector by forming units with strong

financial base

financial components. - Matching the number of banks and financial units to Kuwait's present circumst-

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Real

ATHENS (A.P) — Greece's from shopkeepers, as the law

Greek government sends inspectors

into streets to curb tax evasion

newly-elected Socialist government bas intensified efforts to trim a budget deficit by chasing after tax offenders, but the attendant publicity bas angered shopkeepers.

The Socialists, who beat out a conservative administration in Oct. 10 elections, scrapped a privatisation programme that was expected to infuse the 1992 budget with about \$1.5 billion. So they are out to get some

of the one trillion drachmas (\$4 billion) estimated to be lost annually through tax evasion. Sixty-seven teams of inspec-

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tors have been combing the evaders. streets of the capital since last week, checking whether shoppers have been getting receipts

demands.

Shoppers face a fine of up to 5,000 drachmas (\$20) while offending shopkeepers may be fined up to 200,000 drachmas (\$800). The inspections are

dne to spread countrywide. The finance ministry said Friday that 47 violations were recorded among 1,000 people checked Thursday.

"This is a percentage of 4.7 per cent," said Theodoros Triantafyllou, a spokesman for the Union of Trade Associations. "It shows that it is not the merchants who are the tax

Shopkeepers feel terrorised by the crackdown. A grocery store clerk chased a reporter

into the street to hand him his receipt left on the counter after he bought a cheese pie.

The crackdown on tax evasion has received wide publicity in the news media.

Merchants complained to finance undersecretary Dimitris Georgakopoulos that they were being singled out while other groups, like doctors and lawyers, were not being inspected.

"The damage is both ethical and material, because it creates a situation in which the market is frozen," Mr. Triantafyllou said in a telephone interview. "Similar cbecks have been carried out before, but not with this publicity."

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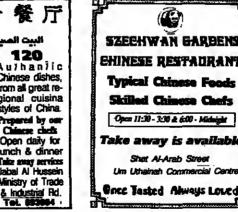




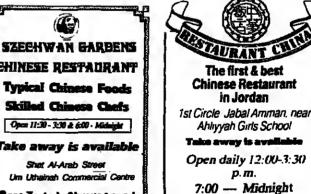
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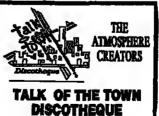
Tapas Bar









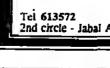


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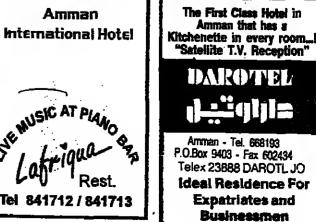




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Mother convicted

PHILADELPHIA (R) - A

43-year-old woman was convicted of murdering her 17-

vear-old daughter, a nationally

ranked track star. The jury convicted the woman, Vivia

convicted the woman, Vivia King, of third-degree murdes a conviction that could send? Mrs. King to prison for a maximum of 20 years. The province secution contended that Miss king shot her daughter, in the school senior Shilic Turner, in a drunken rage that resulted from arguments over the bours.

a drunken rage that resource, from arguments over the hours, her daughter kept and the friends she had. Prosecutors

had sought a first-degree mur-

carried the death penalty. The

girl's body was found in the city's sprawling Fairmount Park on Feb. 20, a month after

Mrs. King reported her daugh-ter missing. She was shot five

times and covered with leaves,

twigs and a piece of linoleum,

Mrs. King was a suspect almost from the first day of the invest

tigation into the killing of the

teenager, who had been a star

on the William Penh High

School track team. Mrs. King

went to police on March 6

to ask if she were a target of

their investigation and under

went 10 hours of questioning

that led to a confession. But

the interview was not tape re-

corded and the defence con-

tended that the confession was:

coerced. Defence lawyers.

sult of a robbery. The defence

argued the killing was the re-

also pointed to inconsistencies.

in the state's case, chief among

them that the murder weapon

and the defendant's guns were' of different calibers. The mur-

sells for \$32m

der weapon was no er found;

of killing track star

N. Korea may attack South in desperation — U.S. official

BASE, Alaska (Agencies) — North Korea has massed 70 per cent of its military force near South Korea and might launch a desperate conventional attack sparked by bunger and economic frustration in Pyon-gyang, a senior U.S. defence official said Friday. "The North Koreans bave

continued to increase their production of (military) equipment. They are more forward deployed and I think we may be entering a kind of danger zone here." said the official, flying home to Washington from Seoul with Defence

Secretary Les Aspin.
"These guys (North Koreans) are starving" and may feel that "you can either starve or get killed in a war," said the official, warning that North Korea would certainly lose such a war but that rational thinking might not carry the

day in Pyongyang.
The official, who asked not to be identified, told reporters that new political reality and a buildup of Northern forces on the border since 1990 bave moved the United States and South Korea to reassess the military balance to determine if their forces should be streng-

Mr. Aspin held three days of

talks with officials in Japan and South Korea this week on fears that North Korea is carrying out a secret programme to develop nuclear weapons.

A heavily armed North Korean military of 1.1 million troops faces 700,000 South Korean and 37,000 American troops on the troubled peninsula, where the Korean War ended in an uneasy armistice in

About 70 per cent of the North Korean force is now within striking range of South Korea, the official said.

There was no indication if or

when a North Korean attack might come, the official added, but a shattered economy and outside pressure on Pyongyang to halt its alleged quest for unclear arms has suddenly changed the scenario on the peninsula. The official said there was no way of telling what North Korea, beaded by g1-year-old supreme leader Kim Il-Sung, might be planning in the face of growing international isolation and a cutoff in military support from the former Soviet Union and

"We ought to think our way through what they might be thinking about and what might cause them to make a grave

miscalculation," the official

told reporters.

He noted that North Korea's military, while heavily armed, as suffering from a lack of fuel and regular training.

But despite warnings from the United States that it could face international sanctions, North Korea has refused to open its nuclear facilities to inspection by the International Atomic Energy Agency, (IAEA) and resolve concerns that it is trying to build nuclear

They have moved their forces further forward. It's now, I think, 70 per cent up right close to the border in the last three years or so," the official said Friday. "And they are saying that 1995 is the year that they are going to reunify the peninsula by force."

There is no question, I think, by any objective observer about bow this thing (a war) would turn out," the official said.

Meanwhile, North Korea, apparently distraught over a .N. resolution on its nuclear inspection issue, has called its Central Party Committee into an emergency session to discuss countermeasures, news reports said Friday.

It also reportedly commanded its troops to crop their hair

Japan LDP loses another defector

NEWS IN BRIEF

TOKYO (R) — Another member of Japan's main opposition Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) has defected to the govern-ment in disgust at the LDP's stuhborn resistance to ending political corruption, his aides said Friday. Lower house member Kenji Yamaoka's defection hit the party hard, coming just before the LDP was to enter crucial talks with Prime Minister Morihiro Hosokawa's coalition on a key political reform measure now stalled in parliament. Top negotiators from the two sides were due to meet later Friday in an attempt to break the logiam. Meanwhile top politician Ichiro Ozawa, one of the kingpins of Japan's ruling coalition, admitted Friday he took money from a huilding firm hut said the sums were legal political donations, Kyodo News Agency reported. Earlier Friday, the daily Asahi Shimhun said Mr. Ozawa, now co-leader of Shinseito (the Japan Renewal Party), regularly took big unreported cash gifts from construction giant Kajima Corp., which is at the heart of a spreading payoff scandal. Commenting the report, Mr. Ozawa told reporters he thought the donations from Kajima were legal, Kyodo said. Asahi quoted sources close to Shinji Kiyoyama, senior vice president of Kajima, as saying be handed Mr. Ozawa gifts of five million yen (\$46,000) every six months for several years. "The (Asahi) report is a curious one. They (the Kajima funds) were legal donations," Kyodo quoted Mr. Ozawa as saying.

U.S. presses China on human rights

MANILA (AFP) - The U.S. State Department warned China Friday to improve its human rights record swiftly or forfeit its most favoured nation (MFN) trading status next year despite growing high-level contacts. Winston Lord, assistant secretary of state for East Asian and Pacific affairs, said in a video conference with Asian capitals that a planned meeting in Seattle this month between presidents Bill Clinton and Jiang Zemin was "a very important event." He said talks at lower levels so far had produced no "substantive progress" although the "tone of our relationship" has "somewhat improved." "We must have rapid, early progress on human rights in order to preserve MFN next spring," Mr. Lord said as he fielded questions from Asian officials, experts and journalists in a live

U.S. approves \$22b to fight crime

WASHINGTON (R) — The Senate has approved \$22 billion in funds to fight violent crime by hiring 100,000 more police officers and building more prisons. The money was part of an amendment added to a sweeping anti-crime bill being considered by the Senate. The amendment was drafted by Senator Robert Byrd, a West Virginia Democrat, with Republican support. "I consider the crime problem a major crisis that is getting worse and worse every day," Sen. Byrd said before the 94-4 vote. The money would come from a trust fund using money saved from a reduction in federal employees expected through a government reorganisation plan. Earlier, the House Judiciary Committee passed a separate bill to set a five-day national waiting period for handgun sales. The legislation, known as the Brady Bill for former White House Press Secretary James Brady, may be voted on in the full House of Representatives next week. The Senate is also expected to take it up this month. Mr. Brady was shot and crippled during the 1981 assassination attempt against President Ronald

'Ukraine warheads in alarming state'

MOSCOW (R) - Russian Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev said Friday Moscow had received extremely alarming information from Ukraine about the state of nuclear warheads in the republic, ITAR-TASS news agency reported. Mr. Kozyrev told TASS that the warheads bad deteriorated so badly it could lead to a tragedy "much worse than Chernobyl." Mr. Kozyrev spoke to TASS before he flew to the Ukrainian city of Odessa for talks about the nuclear warheads, which Kiev is refusing to ship to Russia as agreed until it is paid compensation. "Literally in the last few hours' we bave been receiving extremely alarming information from Ukrainian representatives themselves about the technical state of a number of rockets, Kozyrev said, TASS reported. "The technical state of some of the warbeads could lead to a tragedy much worse than Chernobyl," the minister underlined. Ukraine has agreed to dismantle its nuclear arsenal but is resisting Western pressure to band the warheads to Russia for destruction.

Kohl hits back at critics of EC union

BONN (AFP) - Chancellor Helmut Kohl lashed out Friday at Germans who bitterly criticised European union this week, including from his own coalition, saying be did not want to see the goal turn into just "an improved free-trade zone." "We need Europe, especially us Germans," Mr. Kohl said in a statement to the Bundesrat, or upper house of parliament, addressed to "those who bave had enough of Europe." He was aiming at Edmund Stoiber, head of the Christian Socialist Union (CSU), the Bavarian branch of Mr. Kohl's Christian Democrats (CDU). Mr. Stoiber defied Mr. Kohl Tuesday by calling for a clean break fro the united Europe policies Germany has pursued since the days of post-war Chancellor Konrad Adenauer (1949-1963). "We no longer want a federal Europe," Mr. Stoiber said. His remarks, an implicit attack on the central plank of Mr. Kohl's policies since he took office in 1982, came a day after the Maastricht Treaty went into force, transforming the 12-nation European Community (EC) into a European union.

ANC army announces big peace drive in townships

JOHANNESBURG (AFP) -The African National Congress (ANC) army Friday announced a major drive for peace in black townships, in-cluding the creation of self-protection units and joint patrols with police and the Zulu-based Inkatha Freedom Party Oupa Monareng, regional commissar of Umkhonto We

Sizwe (Spear Of The Nation. or MK), told a news conference that MK planned to play a key role in curbing violence and creating a climate for free political activity in black areas.

He said the regional MK command had called a consultative conference this weekend with its allies, including the South African Communist Party and the ANC

youth and women's leagues, to draw up a joint strategy to combat violence. The main focus would be on the battleground belt of townships east of bere, centred on Tokoza and Katlehong, where an average six to seven people a day are being killed in

fierce pobtical fighting, Mr. Monareng said. Among the strategies proposed by MK were the transformation of current singleparty self-defence units into multi-party self-protection units as prescribed by the 1991 national peace accord signed

by most major parties.
Unlike the self-defence units, which are blamed for fanning rather than curbing violence, the protection units would be recognised by all parties, licensed, properly equipped and fully monitored,

Mr. Monareng said,
MK also planned to encourage community policing and
gear itself for involvement in a proposed national peacekeepng force to be formed ahead of the country's first all-race elec-

tions next April, he added.

The ANC's deputy regional secretary, Obed Bapela, said MK was ready to take part in joint patrols in the troubled areas with IFP and any unit of the police other than the Internal Stability Unit (ISU) — the riot squad.

Earlier this week, the ANC distanced itself from a police statement announcing the joint patrols, but Mr. Bapela said this applied only to patrols with the ISU, which the organisation claims is behind the violence.

He stressed, however, that further discussion on the commanding and training of the units was essential. Mr. Bapela reiterated an

ANC call for the withdrawai of the ISU from East Rand townships, saying it was a "discredited force.

Police deny that the ISU is fuelling the violence and warns against large scale bloodletting if the unit is withdrawn. The police blames the vio-

lence on fierce rivalry between IFP and ANC. Nceba Soyaya, an ANC offi-cial from Tokoza, told the press conference that Tokoza

residents would launch a "programme of action" Monday to force out the ISU. The programme would include a consumer boycott of

the nearby white towns of Ger-

miston and Alberton.

tion of 88 works by Picasso for . ; \$32 million, ending two days of ;...

Picasso collection

NEW YORK (R) -- Sotheby's -.. sold an entire private collect. auctions of impressionist and ... modern art on a high note. In a ... night that made up in enthu-.siasm what it lacked in high -... drama, the auction house man-, aged to raise \$1 million more. than the presale high estimate, .: for the sale. The success of the Picasso sale and two days of solid sales of impressionist and ... modern art means that-Sotheby's has now earned \$93 : . million, the highest total in its, ..., biannual auctions since the arr market collapsed in the spring. of 1991. The top price at the. Picasso auction was \$4.4 million, paid by a private American buyer for a large 1932. painting entitled "Femmes Ei Enfants Au Bord De La Mer. Seven of the other top 10 prices topped \$1 million. A full-length preparatory sketch for the painting "L'Acteur" sold for \$1.02 million, and a death-mask crayon self-portrait, made shortly before the artist died, sold for almost \$500,000 - five times the presale high estimate. Officials atthe auction house said they were delighted by the results of a the sale, saying it proved the market was strong enough to absorb all the Picassos offered for sale without flinching. "I, think this is a very healthy. sign," said David Nash, director of the Impressionist and Modern Art Department of Sotheby's International.

Sixties hit closes after loss-making

LONDON (AP) - Hair, the sixties hit musical, is to close on Nov. 20 after a two-month, loss-making run, the Old Vic Theatre announced Thursday. The 26 members of the cast. and I1 musicians agreed two-weeks ago to take a 33 per centpay cut in an attempt to stave. off closure. "The company's generosity gave us a stay of execution but sadly business. shows no sign of building beyond November, and the producer David Mirvish has: decided reluctantly to close the show," said executive produc-were sold the updated production of the 1968 peace and love; classic was losing £15,000 (\$22,500) a week when the pay cut was agreed. The £1.5 million (\$2.25 million) production opened Sept. 14 with a cast including American actor Paul Hipp (Buddy), Australian hearthrob Felice Arena (from the TV soan Neighbours) and the TV soap Neighbours), and pop singers Sinitta and Pepsi Lawrie Demacque. John Barrowman, born in Scodand but raised in the United States: plays the pivotal role of the doomed Claude. The show was co-produced by Mirvish, the Canadian owner of the 970 seat Old Vic theatre with his brother, Ed. and real-estate tycoon Abe Hirschfeld, who made waves in New York earber this year when he attempted to buy the bankrupt New

scheduled meeting this week with the South to protest what it called a belligerent statement by South Korean Defence Minister Kwon Yong-Hae.

Bosnia troops loot Vares, block food convoy

SARAJEVO (Agencies) -Bosnian army troops blocked a U.N. food convoy to refugees from the captured Croat pocket of Vares after undisciplined troops from this mainly Muslim force went on a looting spree in the beleaguered town, U.N. military and aid officials said Friday.

At one point Thursday local Bosnian army commanders asked U.N. Protection Force troops to belp them control the situation but the request was turned down since it was outside the forces' mandate, a U.N. military spokesman said. Several hundred troops from

the army's Seventh Brigade Thursday blocked a U.N. convoy carrying food supplies to 620 refugees, including around 100 Bosnian Croats, sheltering at the camp of troops a few kilometres north-of Vares.

The convoy was only allowed through after the arrival of French U.N. troops sent from Sarajevo.

Troops from the Seventh Brigade began looting televi-

sions and audio equipment from deserted homes after seizing Vares Wednesday, said Lt-Col. Bill Aikman, spokes-man for the U.N. Protection

Force bere. We have received reports of systematic looting in the sense of televisions, stereos. you name it, being moved

out," Col. Aikman said.
"The second Corps coming from the north advised UN-PROFOR forces in the area in the afternoon that they were concerned about the situation in the town of Vares and asked them to help resolve the situa-

"We are not in the business of trying to control corps of armies of any party in the conflict, so we could not do that," Col. Aikman said.

been told a battalion of Bosnian police was being sent to the area Friday to help restore the situation.

Ray Wilkinson, spokesman for the office of the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) bere, said when

Seventh Brigade troops entered the town the "situation began to change and deterio-

rate virtually immediately. "The UNHCR sent an emergency food convoy to Nordbat (Scandinavian U.N. Battalion) beadquarters to feed the 620 people sheltering

"It was stopped by several hundred soldiers of the Sevenib Brigade clustered around one check-point.

"They simply refused to allow it forward," he said, until French U.N. reinforcements Sarajevo's southern front lines were hit by low-level but

almost constant small arms, heavy machine gun and mortar Residents said the shooting bated as a rainy, misty dawn

broke in the Bosnian capital. Croatian radio said Croatian army positions behind the Adriatic coastal town of Biograd came under Serb fire, while the town itself was hit by three artillery shells.

In Belgrade, Serbian Presi-

dent Slobodan Milosevic bas declared war on his former extreme rightwing ally, the radical party of Vojislav Seselj, arresting 18 party militants on charges of terrorism, murder and banditry ahead of snap

elections next month.

short and increase combat

South Korean newspapers,

quoting an unnamed senior

government official, said that

the Central Committee of the

North's ruling (Communist)

Workers' Party will convene

next week, about one month

The North Korean moves

appear related to mounting

nuclear tensions on the penin-

sula, the papers quoted the

The Central Committee,

made up of about 140 dele-

gates, is the supreme organisa-

tion of the Communist North's

The Central Committee

meeting was called after the

U.N. General Assembly

adopted a resolution Monday

urging the North to comply

with ohligations and inspec

tions under an international

nuclear controls treaty which it

joined in 1985, the papers said.

resolution as encroaching on

Upset by the U.N. resolu-

tion. North Korea cancelled a

North Korea denounced the

same official as saying.

ahead of schedule.

ruling party.

its sovereignty.

The militants, all members of the party's paramilitary formations, were arrested late Thursday in Belgrade and four provincial cities, Belgrade Television reported quoting a communique from the Interior

It is the first time that Serbian authorities have engaged in a bead-on confrontation with Seselj's militia, which numbers around 2,000 armed men according to foreign experts and nearly 8,000, accord-

With early elections for the Serbian parliament called for Dec. 20, Mr. Milosevic's Serbian Socialist Party (ex-Communist) spectacularly split with Seselj after a year's coalition, which had allowed the Socialists to govern.

Talks with Kashmir rebels resume amid curfews

SRINAGAR, India (Agencies) — A new negotiator resumed talks Friday with diebard Muslim guerrillas entrenched in the besieged Hazratbal Mosque as riot police clamped a strict curfew and broke up sporadic Kashmiri street pro-

Mebmood Ur Rehman, a senior Kashmir administration official, held three rounds of talks with rebel leaders inside the lakeside mosque in an effort to end the impasse, which entered its 21st day, hut be made no beadway, the

police said. Mr. Rehman replaced Wajahat Habibullah, who was critically injured Thursday when his car collided with an army. truck. He was hospitalised in a coma in a setback to the efforts for a settlement.

Mr. Habibullah had been beading the tortuous negotiations with the 50 armed militants to persuade them to surrender and release 60 to 70 civilians who also have been trapped in the mosque since

the night of Oct. 15. Kashmir Police Chief Manohear Nath Sabharwal told reporters that the guerrillas were still rigidly bolding out, blocking a settlement that the Indian government insists should be within the "bounds of law."

He refused to disclose details citing "the delicate nature of the negotiations," which re-sumed after a day's standstill. The rebels have demanded that the army lift the siege of Hazratbal and also insisted on safe passage. Both conditions have been rejected by the gov-

As the standoff continued, riot police using bamboo staves and tear gas scattered several hundred Kashmiri Muslim demonstrators who gathered on the streets and attempted to set off for Hazratbal, witnesses

Some 400 worshippers shouting "we want freedom" and 'God is great" emerged from a mosque in the Sonawar area after the weekly Friday prayers and were dispersed. Similar demonstrations were

staged in four other neighbourhoods and scattered with minimum use of force, and no major violence was reported, senior superintendent of police Ram Lubhaya said.

A strict curfew was clamped on and paramilitary troops de-ployed in strength in Srinagar.

A series of Indian regional elections begin Saturday that could prove critical for Prime Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao and the bigh ambitions of the opposition Hindu nationalist Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP).

Four of the five states which vote for new assemblies over the next three weeks were ruled by the BJP until Mr. Rao dismissed their governments and put them under central rule after Hindu extremists tore down a northern mosque last December.

The Hindu nationalists may have to win them all back and take Delhi, which votes Saturday for its first ever assembly, to maintain the momentum that has taken the BJP from the political fringes to centre stage in less than decade.

Malibu fire declared under control; 2 more die

MALIBU, California (R) — Weary firefighters declared the wildfires that roared through Malibu's celebrity enclaves under control early Friday as the death toll from the blazes rose to three.

Movie stars and other residents returned to scenes of devastation in their exclusive enclave.

The charred bodies of two people were found in the burned-out remains of a car late Thursday, the bodies so badly burned it was impossible even to identify their sex, a Los Angeles County Sheriff's spokesman said.

Spokesman Rich Erickson said the bodies were discovered by a sheriff's helicopter pilot surveying the scene of destruction. "He saw the burned-out car and then realised there were two bodies in it," the spokesman said.

"The vehicle was so badly burned it was impossible to tell the make of the car or the sex of the people in it," he said.

The grim discovery brought the number of victims from the Malibu blaze — a replay of the firestorms that plagued southern California last week - to

British movie director and screen writer Duncan Gibbins, 41, died late Wednesday after suffering burns over 95 per cent of his body while trying to

The cat survived the fires and was being cared for at an animal centre.

A Los Angeles county fire spokesman said the fire — the latest of 18 blazes - was 100 per cent contained early Friday, and that the few spot fires that remained were well away from inhabited areas.

Authorities also said the deadly hlaze was the work of an arsonist. Los Angeles County Fire Department investigator Jerry Beck said either a match or a cigarette lighter had been used to ignite

the tinder-dry brush. A \$250,000 reward has been offered for information leading to the arrest of the arsonist. The fire destroyed 350 homes in Malibu and left at least 1,000 people homeless.

More than I20 people, about balf of them firefighters, were injured in the firestorm. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) announced it would open an

office in Malibu to deal with

applications for help.
Four other FEMA centres were opened in the last week in southern California to handle claims from a series of firestorms that have devastated the

In all, more than 1,000 homes have been destroyed, thousands have been made homeless and property damage has been estimated at \$1 billion five southern California counties since Oct. 26, making it one of the worst disasters in alifornia's history.

Weary fire crew were aided cooler, calmer weather Thursday, conditions expected to continue into next week.

Authorities said the cooler weather, coupled with higher humidity, would allow firefighters to snuff out the remaining hot spots.

Gibbins, 41, was an up-andcoming Hollywood figure whose credits included the films Fire With Fire and Eve Of Destruction.

Authorities said Gibbin's death was being treated as a homicide, meaning that murder charges could be filed if the person who set the Malibu fire

Residents trickled back to

survey the destruction Thursday, some standing dazed and tearful in the wreckage of their

"Things are getting under control, but the damage is dene," said Fire Department spokesman Steve Ruda.

The \$4 million carbon canyon mansion actor Sean Penn once shared with ex-wife Madonne lay in smouldering "We got lucky and Sean

didn't, and that's too bad," said his neighbour, actor Ed Harris, who returned to his estate Thursday to find it virtually unscathed. Penn had been living in the

house with his girlfriend, Robin Wright, and her children from a previous marriage.
Actress Ali McGraw's expensive hillside bome was also destroyed and she issued a statement thanking firefighters for their extraordinary efforts in saving so many people's

his Serra Retreat ranch, toughguy actor Charles Bronson rushed to save his three dogs but left his pet goose behind to fend for itself in his swimming pool. It survived along with his

As fires licked the edges of



Actress Ali McGraw attempts to locate mementhe ashes of her house which was

destroyed when wildfire whipped through Mail-bu in California (AFP photo)

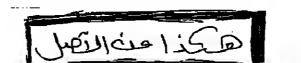
Bruce Willis and Demi Moore's house escaped unscathed after it was ringed by fire, but their new black Prosfires and stayed put. His home che was coated with ash.

survived intact, Flames raced by homes owned by Richard Gere, Mel Gibson, Dick Van Dyke and Amy

Madigan, but their houses suffered no major damage. Actor Gary Busey defied the

Zsa Zsa Gabor offered her stables to house other celebrities' houses left homeless. "If the animals need me, I'll be there," she said.

Malibu showed its gratitude to a 5,000-strong army of firefighters. Many were treated to free meals at three-star restaurants. A chiropractor to the stars offered back rubs without



enna takes provisional pole for Australian GP

-razilian Ayrton Senna pronced his most stunning qualying performance of the year riday by breaking the lap cord for the Adelaide Street ircuit to take the provisional ale position for Sunday's Auralian Grand Prix.

Senna, in a McLaren, folwed up his emphatic victory the Japanese Grand Prix 12 ays earlier by dominating the s oening qualifying sessinn.

He clocked a best time of ne minute and 13.371 seconds take four-tenths of a second if the previous record set by ritain's Nigel Mansell in a 'illiams in 1992.

Senna's old rival, Freochan Alain Prost in a Williams, as second fastest in 1:13.807 ith a flying lap late in the

Bot it was a disappointment or Prost, taking part in bis efnre retirement. He had een quicker during the marnig free session hut was unable find a clear lap to improve is time in the afternoon. German Michael Schu-

racher was third fastest in a enetton and Finland's Mika lakkinen fourth after another npressive showing in the cond McLaren.

Austrian Gerhard Berger as fifth in a Ferrari with riton Damon Hill sixth in the cond Williams, after an pening day in which he had iled to come to terms with e demands of the 3.780-km reet Circuit

The sessinn began slowly ith very few cars venturing it into the circuit because of I from a preceding kart race. Berger, who crashed heavily the chicane in the mnrning ithout suffering any injuries, as among the quickest early

But once Senna went nnt for



Ayrton Senna of Brazil and his girifriend, Adriani, watch a video during his farewell barbecue on the eve of the qualifying rounds for the Australian Grand Prix in Adelaide (AFP photo)

the first time midway through the hour, he took command. Under a hlue sky and in dry conditinns, the Brazilian was quickly down into the 1:14's and on top of the times, gradually trimming his best until he brnke the track record.

Prost and Schumacher were nnable to cut their times down to stay in contentinn until very

late in the session. Senoa's opening day achievement has given him a good opportunity of ending Williams' record-equalling run of 15 successive pole positions in a single season. The British, however, still hope to extend their run to a record 16th pole

stretching hack tn July 1982. Senna was the last non-Williams driver to take the pole for a Grand Prix - at the Canadian race in Montreal. He has started from the pole 61 times in his career.

and a total of 25 in succession

"It was a tremendous lap, a pretty special one. Had there been nn traffic, I could have done better," he said. "We also had a problem with the radin. I was wonderbecause of low fuel... later I discovered that my radio button was stuck, so the pits could not talk back to me. The result though was that I could not concentrate in the usual way. So I could not improve my

Prost said: "I had some problems with the set-up of the car. No problems with the engine, but the chassis is not so good."

Schumacher was satisfied, "but I am suprised at the gaps between first and third. It is

much bigger than I expected."
Hakkinen said: "I am a little disappointed. On my second set of tyres. I was struggling for balance... maybe I have been trying a bit too hard."

Hill was disappointed not to be any further forward than the third row of the provisional grid and said: "It is bound to be a handicap not knowing this place... The opposition are catching us up. I have to work harder.

Fellow Briton Derek Warwick was unable to run in his footwork Friday owing to illness. He had fluv symptoms and a high temperature in the murning and was ordered to

The team prepared a car for Brazilian Christian Fittipaldi but will wait until Saturday before making a decision on whn would drive it, giving Warwick a chance to recover.

Eddie Irvine, sixth on his debut for the Jordan team in Japan, was unable to repeat his sensational form and finished 22nd of the 23 cars at the end

of the session. As Firmula One world champion Alain Prost wraps up his 13-year career in Adelaide Sunday, a new breed of speedy young drivers is set to bolt out from under the 37vear-old Frenchman's shadow.

Galatasaray eliminates Man. United

Turkey celebrated its greatest soccer triumph Thursday, six fans of Manchester United remained locked in an Istanbul iail and the team's stars accused the Turkish police nf brutality.

Thousands of Galatasaray supporters reveled in scenes of wild jubilation after their team's triumph Wedoesday over the English giants in the Champioos Cup, Europe's most prestigious soscer tournament.

Galatasaray held United to a goal-less tie at home after a 3-3 result in Manchester that put the Turks through to the third round oo the strength of scoring more goals on the road.
Turkish Prime Minister Tan-

su Ciller joined in the postmatch celebrations. "We were unable to join the European Community but did join the first eight in the Euro-

pean Cups," she said. "I am proud." The celebrations were marred by at least two deaths. In the Mediterranean town of Mersin, a woman was shot

dead accidentally when somenne fired in the air in jubilatinn. In Izmit, east of Istanbul, an nnidentified man was crushed to death by a train as he ran over the tracks in wild

In Ankara, a group demnnstrated in front of the British embassy, shouting slogans in favnor of Galatasaray and against Manchester United.

While the Turks celebrated, the English team and supporters returned home, either defeated or deported, and some saying they were beaten by the Turkish police.

.come 140 United fans were

arrested and then sent home complete fabrication," Ferguwithout even seeing the game son said Friday. following trouble at a hotel in Istanbul the morning before

the game. Six nthers stayed behind, remaining in Bayrampasa Prison to face charges of causing damage. The six, aged between 27 and 39, also face charges of druokenness and disorderly conduct. It could be at least a month before their cases come to court.

There were no reports of crowd vinlence after the game but some of the United players said they were assaulted by police as they left the field.

French striker Erie Cantona, who was shown the red card by. Swiss referee Kurt Roethhisberger for making an nffensive comment as they walked off, said he was hit on the back of the head by a policeman.

Bryan Robson, former captain of England, was cut nn the hand by a policeman's shield when be came in the Frenchman's defence. Rnbson required twn stitches in his hand. "It's a gret scandal, "Canto-

na was quoted as saying in British newspapers Thursday. "A policeman got hold of his (Cantona's) arm and punched him in the back," Robson said. "I went to get a grip nn the policeman's arm and another one hit me with his shield on

the arm.' United manager Alex Ferguson said the incident was captured nn film. He said the team woold consider filing a formal protest with UEFA, but he aeknnwledged the incidents had nothing to do with the team's elimination.

Reports that Eric Cantona had accused top European referees of taking bribes were "a

Cantona was at the centre of a controversy after an article appeared in a French sports

L'Equipe quoted Cantona as saying: "I am certain that referees have been bought in the European Cup and I ask myself whether Mr. Rothlisberger had oot also been bought Wednesday night."

But Ferguson insisted that the French striker could not have made the comments in the aftermath of the goalless

"As far as I am concerned, it is a complete fabrication. Eric could not have spoken to anyone after the game because he was in the dressing room all the

"No one was allowed in and he certainly did not speak to any journalists," the United manager said.

Some 40,000 noisy Galata-saray fans int he Ali Sami Yen Stadium celebrated the greatest night in the cluh's his-tory as it eliminated one of the tnurnament favourites. Among ther spectators was Mrs. Ciller.

After Swiss referee Roethlisberger had blown the final whistle, thousands of Turkish fans jumped up and down and poured nnto the field tn embrace Galatasaray players.

There were different scenes among the Manchester United players and Cantina was shown the red card after a comment to the referee as they left the field.

The Frenchman also was involved in an on-field flareup during the game when he clashed with a Galatasaray substitute who would not let him have the ball after it had rolled off the field, some 10 players became invulved in pushing and shaving each

ATHENS (R) — Olympiakos

defender George Amanatides

rifled a shnt into his own goal

helping to send Spain's Tener-ife into the third round of the

UEFA Cup Thursday.
It was had luck for Olym-

piakos, whn beat Tenerife 4-3.

but it was the Spaniards who

advanced on the 5-5 aggregate

because of the away goals rule.

It was also tough on the Rome team's Danish striker

Beot Christiansen who scored

three goals but still finished op

13th, 24th and 84th minotes

Christiansen struck in the

a loser.

plus W.C.

Olympiakos own goal

stops UEFA advance

other hefore the same re-

sumed. The Turks restricted the English titlist and rungway stand-

ings leader this season to just one chance in the share game. In the 36th minute, former England captaio Rapson sent a long pass through to Rytan Giggs and the teenage Welsh winger shot across the face of

the goal. Galatasaray siguid have been ahead by then but was twice denied by United's acrobatic Danish gratie, Peter Schmeichel.

In the 32nd minute. Schmeichel save one-handed from Hakan. And, only seconds later, the tall Galatasaray striker had only the Danish goalie to beat from five metres hnt Schmeichel somehow blocked the shot with a reflex-actinn save.

United looked nothing like the team that currently leads the English standings by 11 points. Robson, Giggs and Cantona made frequent mistakes and never put pressure

on the Galatasaray defence. Ferguson had gamhled by leaving Welsh striker Mark Hughes off the team and the lineup appeared lightweight in attack.

Now Galatasaray can look forward to reaching he roundrobin third stage of the competitinn which generates big money in attendances as well

as TV coverage. That's exactly what United. which became the first English club to win the trophy in 1969,

was aiming for. In the last four seasons, United has wnn the Football

Association Cup, the European Cup Winners Cup, the English League Cup and the English League. For Ferguson, the Cham-

pions Cup should have been

with teammate Vassilis Ion-

nides scoring on the hnur. Tenerife fought back with

goals from Felipe Ninamhres,

with a fine 25 metre drive, and

a Sebastian Chann penalty one

minute into the second half.

Then any hope Olympiakos

had of advancing was shattered

in the 29th minute when Ama-

natides miscalculated a long

pass and seot the ball-sailing

Olympiakos fought back de-

sperately, but even Christian-sen's third goal was oot

into this own goal.

enough.

million 3reeders' Cup races to pay \$10

RCADIA, California (R) ighty-two horses, 18 nf them om Europe, will run Saturay for \$10 millinn in purses pread across seven races nn ne biggest day in thnroughred horse racing, the Breedrs' Cup.

While five of last year's 3reeders' Cop champions will titles but also far possible Eclipse Awards for yearlong supremacy io their divisions and fur consideration as Horse of the Year, the higgest star here is Dehere.

. The brawny two-year-old with the crooked white blaze has set the racing world aflutter and is the prohibitive

juvenile race. Dehere, already being de-

WITH OMAR SHARE & TANNAH HIRSCH

Q.1-Both vulnerable, as South

you hold: +Q542 ('AQ (KQ54 +A106

Partner opens the bidding with one oo trump. What do you respond?

A.—With at least 33 points and oo more than 35 in the combined hold-

ing, we bave oo serious objection to

a leap to six oo trump. However, you have a ruffing value and partner

might have one as well, so the hand

could play better in a 4-4 fit if one exists. We would start matters off by bidding two clubs, requesting

partner to show a four-card major.

Q.2—As South, vulnerable, you bold:

(♠AJ104 ♥A7652 ◊7 ♠K87

What do you bid oow?
—Partner's cue bid agrees

tearts as trumps and is forcing. You thave a poor trump suit and almost

ycalf your values are in spades. You

wian make partner aware of both hese features by rebidding two no

172.3—Neither vulnerable, as South

A .-- Your side has the balance of

twoower, but you really don't want to

dilouble the opponents at a low-level

vimajor-suit contract. To make it more difficult for them to find a fit, poid one no trump. That steals the tione-level from them while giving

in he bidding has proceeded:
(worth East South West
Dbl ?

gwhat action do you take?

gestrength of your hand.

tThe bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
sl 7 1 2 2 2 Pass

scribed as possibly the next Secretariat, the next Devil's Bag, the next Arazi, has been the favourite in all six of his

He was also fast. His Hnpeful was the second fastest io history, right behiod triple crown winner Affirmed's in

Still, could a two-year-old, even nne as accomplished as

duced 73 Eclipse winners io ception in 1984.

Cop champinns will try to duplicate their performances

Q.4—As South, vulnerable, you

Pass 1 € ?

What action do you take?

A.—The bidding has developed perfectly for you. You have the opportunity to tell partner that you have a near opening bid with at

have a near opeoing bid with at least four cards in each major. Dou-

ble, for takeout of course, since

Q.5-As South, vulnerable, you

The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
1 ° Pass 1 • Pass

A.—With a balanced minimum opening bid and oo support for partner's suit, the oormal rebid is

one no trump. We see oo reasoo to

♠A83 ♥95 °KJ98 **♠**AJ107

The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
1 O Pass 1 4 Pass

A.—The same problem as before

except that the major suits have been switched. You don't want to

bid no trump without a stopper in the unbid major and to bid a new suit would tend to suggest a more unbalanced hand. Raise to two

spades despite the fact you have only three-card support.

What do you bid now?

—As South, vulnerable, you

depart from accepted principle.

7A83 ^KJ98 •AJ107

partner has not yet bid.

What do you bid oow?

≙95

GOREN BRIDGE

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

of 1992 - Thirty Slews in the

Dehere, be named Horse of the Year? Secretariat set the precedent when he was oamed Horse of the Year as a twovear-old in 1972.

sprint, Paseana in the distaff. Lure in the mile, and Fraise in the turf. Last 'year's Breeders' Cup.

Park.

The cup races have pro-

various categories since its inrour dereoding breeders

juvenile winner, Gilded Time, will run in this year's six-furlong sprint, despite not having raced since his Breeders' Cup win last year at Gulfstream

The Horse of the Year will not be found in the sprint, but the six-furlong race probably will decide who is voted champioo sprioter. Five borses - Birdonthe-

wire, Cardmania, Meafara, Fly So Free, and Thirty Slews come into the race with similar credentials. Should any nf Win. he or she wor likely get the Eclipse award. No Horse of the Year is likely to come out of the juve-

nile fillies or the mile, either. Heavenly prize is a mice twoyear-old filly, but she has raced only twice in her life. Mile favourite Lure is devastating on the grass, but his

can't win at lunger than a mile and nne-eighth, which cancels his "classic" status. The Horse of the Year will probably come from one of the

weak point is distance. He

other three races. . If multiple grade I winner Bertrandn, whn set a record this year for the mile-and-onequarter at Del Mar, wins the \$3 Million Classic, it would be hard to overlook him for the title.

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The same holds true for American championship racing series winner Devil His Due, who could be voted Horse of the Year with a win in the

Sky Beauty, winner of New York's Triple Crown for fillies, also has a shot at the title, but she will have to sufficiently beat a field that includes last year's distaff champioo Paseana and Beldame winner Dispute.

Sky Beauty would have to run a very impressive race to be voted Horse of the Year. The fillies she has faced so far haven't been of the calibre of Paseana or Dispute.

The last turf borse to be voted Horse of t the legendary John Henry in 1984. Kotashaao, who is favoured in the \$2 million turf, will have to be considered should he turn in a dazzling performance.

Kotashaan has won five of eight starts nn the turf this year, with four of those victories coming on the Santa Anita Turf course.

Another grass horse that merits consideration isn't even running in the Breeders' Cup Arlington Million winner Star Of Cozzene.

Star Of Cozzene, who was recently sold to Japanese interests, stands to benefit greatly if Kotashaan is upset in the turf. Star Of Cozzene will be making his next start in the Japan Cup.

Holyfield hopes to be smarter in rematch with Bowe

LAS VEGAS (AP) — He's facing an opponent whn is big-ger, younger, hits harder and has already beaten him once. So what does Evander Hnlyfield bring to Saturday night's

beavyweight title rematch against Riddick Bowe? "The best fight of my life," Holyfield said. "All I have to do is use the skills I haven't used for a while."

The 31-year-old furmer champion figures to need all his skills and perhaps some more wheo he tries to regaio two portions of the heavyweight title io the scheduled 12-round fight against Bowe.

Holyfield, who went toe-totoe with Bowe in a valiant but ultimately misguided effort when he lost the hi heavyweight title last November, is banking nn being a smarter fighter to win this time around.

"I fought with a lot of heart and courage last time, but it wasn't a thinking fight," Huly-field said. "It was the type nf fight that excited fans, but it wasn't the smart fight that I

should have fought."
That means Hulyfield will try and stay nutside and box Bowe this time, relying on movement and hand speed to try and negate Bowe's nbvious physical advantages.

The strategy sounds fine, but to make it work Holyfield will have to put aside a tendency that has plagued him his entire career as it did against Bowe his penchant to wade in and trade punches with an opponent once he gets hit.

'It's one of those things, that you're not going to knock me out and if you burt me I'm still not going to run," Holy-field said. "It benefited him because I was right there in front of him,"

Holyfield (29-1) will have some added bulk for the rematch, weighing in Thursday at 217 poonds (97.6 kilograms).

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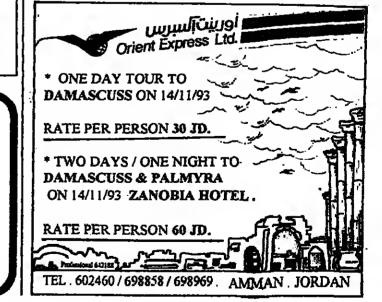
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NEWS IN BRIEF

Senegal envoy arrives with message

AMMAN (Petra) — An envoy of Senegalese President Abdo Diouf, arrived in Amman Friday evening. The envoy will deliver a message from President Dinuf to His Majesty King

Likud 10 decide not to meet Arafat

TEL AVIV (AFP) — Ten members of Israel's right-wing opposition Likud have changed their mind about meeting Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat after threats of expulsion from the party. "I have gone back on my decision (to meet Arafat) after Wednesday's decision by the Likud disciplinary council to expel me from the party if I went," Elie Levy told Israel Radio Friday. Mr. Levy said Oct. 28 that he and nine other members of Likud's central committee were m go to Tunis to meet Mr. Arafat, "to be heard there and express nur fears, hut also to express nur support for peace." The group of 10 were to have met Mr. Arafat by Sunday but Mr. Levy said they abandoned the plan. Likud opposes the antonomy deal signed by Israel and the PLO on Sept. 13, although Mr. Levy has said his group backed any agreement with the PLO.

Mllitary boycott talks on Haiti crisis

PORT-AU-PRINCE (AFP) - Talks on the political crisis in Haiti collapsed before they began Friday with the military's last-minnte refusal to take part, U.N. mediator Dante Caputo said. Calling it "regrettable," Mr. Caputo said the military's decision was communicated to him in a letter from army chief General Raoul Cedras. Mr. Caputo, who read a statement to reporters an hour after the talks were to have begun, said he would consult with U.N. Secretary General Boutros Ghali and Organisation of American States Secretary-General Joao Baena Soares. The United Nations had warned Thursday it would consider tougher sanctions against Haiti if the military failed to take part in the talks. The talks were aimed at salvaging the July 3 Governors Island accord, which established a step-by-step process for restoring democratic rule in Haiti, whose President Jean-Bertrand Aristide was ousted in a military coup Sept. 30, 1991. The process broke down when the time came for the chiefs of the army and the police to resign. Their refusal to step down blocked Mr. Aristide's scheduled return Oct. 30, and triggered a U.N. oil and arms

'Jihad leader wins Swiss asylum'

CAIRO (R) — Switzerland has granted political asylum to Egyptian militant leader Ayman Zawahri, whose group shot dead president Anwar Sadat in 1981, the London-based Al Hayat Arabic newspaper said Friday. Quoting Egyptian sources, Al Hayat said in a front-page report that Mr. Zawahri, a medical doctor, applied for asylum last month and was granted it last week. The report could not be independently confirmed, Mr. Zawahri is accused of relaunching the "new Jihad" in Egypt under the name of the "Vanguards of Conquest" — a revival of the group that had shot dead Mr. Sadat at a military parade in 1981. The group was smashed after Mr Sadat's murder. International news agencies and Al Hayat received a faxed invitation on Thursday for a news conference that would be held by Mr. Zawahri on Wednesday at a hotel in Geneva.

Rajavi to stay close to Iran border

BAGHDAD (R) — The Mujahedeen-e-Khalq, an Iranian opposition group, said Friday its leader had decided to stay near its military bases on Iraq's side of the border with Iran. In a statement issued in Bağhdad and sent to Renters, the rebel group said Massed in Bağhdad remain in Iraq overseeing preparations for a major onslaught on the "clerical regime" in Tehran. "He (Rajavi) knows of no place more suitable than being next to the Iranian frontier to prepare for the operation to overthrow the clerical regime," the statement said. The exiled Iranian group has its headquarters in Baghdad and scores of camps along the Iraq-Iran frontier. Its army, the National Liberation Army of Iran (NLA), has tanks, armoured personnel carriers and heavy artillery. On a recent military exercise held near the border with Iraq the NLA said it used helicopter gunships piloted hy women.

4 girls suspended for headscarves

LYON, France (R) — Four Muslim girls were suspended from school on Friday for refusing to take off their headscarves, re-igniting a row over the rights of Islamic worshippers within France's secular state schools. The schoolgirls, aged 12 to 15 were barred for a week from attending classes in the eastern town of Nantua. They spent the morning in the school's library. Headmaster Jean Damestoy said the suspension would give the girls' families, of Moroccan and Turkish origin, time to reflect and threatened to expel the girls if they refused to bow to school rules. Mr. Damestoy said he had failed to convince the girls' families to instruct them to take off their scarves. Last month the school's teachers staged a strike to express concern over the headscarves, which they said as religious symbols undermined the institution's secular status.

Libya denles hiring Thai chemical workers

TRIPOLI (AFP) - Libya on Fridy denied it was producing chemical arms and had hired Thais to work in the industry in breach of a U.N. convention banning such weapopns. "Lihya has repeatedly affirmed in its official statements and before international bodies that it has no chemical weapons programme," the official JANA news agency said. JANA's political commentators said Libya "had no links with Thai workers whn were hired by a company charged with creating a man-made river" bringing water from the south of the country to the coastal regions in the north. It was referring to some 25,000 Thais working in Libya, mostly in the construction industry. Several hundred are alleged to be involved in building chemical weapons facilities.

Chinese airplane hijacked to Taiwan

TAIPEI (AP) - A man armed with two knives hijacked a Chinese airliner with 140 people on board Friday and asked for political asylum after forcing the plane to Taiwan, officials said. The Xiamen Airlines Boeing 737 was hijacked nn a domestic flight from Guangzhnu in sonthern China to the southern port city of Xiamen, airport officials said. It was the fifth Chinese civilian airplane hijacked to Taiwan since April. The plane and passengers were returned to China shortly after the aircraft landed but the hijacker, a 27-year-old driver for the city government in Tangshan, China, was detained for questioning and trial in Taiwan, officials said. Mr. Zhang Hai claimed he hijacked the plane so he could join his grandfather in Taiwan, they said.

Heavy rains break Morocco drought

RABAT (R) - Rain lashed Morocco this week causing floods and cutting roads in some areas after two successive years of drought. The Public Works Ministry said in a statement nn Friday that rainfall during the week was between 48 and 110 millimetres. The rains helped replenish reservoirs used for drinking water, power generation and irrigation, it added. Lack of rain cut Mnrocco's cereal harvest by 58 per cent in the last two seasons, compared to the previous five-year average. Mnrocco had in import about four million tonnes of grains nver the twn years. The drought also hit power supplies. The state electricity utility office National de L'electricite (ONE) was forced to make power cuts in Casahlanca, Morocco's largest city and industrial centre, due a shortfall in hydropower output. The power cuts affected industrial plants only, not domestic consumers.



VISIT TO LUXEMBOURG: His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Friday left for Luxembourg on a two-day visit in response to an invitation extended by Duke of Luxembourg Grand Duke Jean. The Crown Prince was seen off at the airport by His Majesty King Hussein,

Her Royal Highness Princes Basma, several princess and princesses, Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali and Royal Court Chief Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker. Prince Hassan is accompanied by Her Royal Highness Princess Sarvath (Petra

Donors, PLO discuss financing for autonomy

PARIS (R) — International aid donors discussed with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Israel on Friday how tn get aid flowing rapidly into the Gaza Strip and Jericho to buttress Palestinian self-rule due to begin in De-

Representatives of the European Community (EC), the United States, Japan, Canada and Saudi Arahia met the Israelis and the Palestinians at the Paris office of the World Bank for talks chaired hy Norwegian Foreign Minister Johan Joergen Holst.

At issue was how to ensure that the \$2 hillion pledged in aid over the next five years -\$600 million of it next year really reaches the Palestinians in the West Bank and Gaza, while avoiding corruption, waste and duplication.

Israel

to restore

all Gazans

ATHENS (AFP) - Israel has

promised to restore electricity to all Gaza Strip Palestinians,

following a series of brief con-

tacts held on the sidelines of a

European Community (EC)

energy conference here, offi-

cials from both delegations

Israeli Energy Minister

Moshe Shahal told Gaza Mayor Zakaria Makki that

electricity would be restored to

the 40 per cent of Palestinians

whose supplies had seen cut off

three weeks previously for

non-payment of dehts, the offi-

A high-ranking Israeli diplo-

mat said that this was a tech-

Mr. Shahal was the only

party to attend an EC-

arranged meeting here on

Thursday between Israelis,

Palestinians and Jordanians to

discuss energy, water and

transport issues, an EC official

During that meeting, he met

with the EC commissioner in

charge of energy, Abel Ma-tutes, and his deputy,

Panayotis Carvounis, to dis-

cuss possible EC funding for

jnint water and energy pro-

The Jordanian delegation

excused itself from the meet-

ing, citing the closeness of elec-

tinns, and the Palestinian de-

legation, led hy Palestine Li-

beration Organisation (PLO)

scientific committee chairman

Adnan Samara, showed np

without a mandate to negotiate

The meeting had been pre-

EC decisinn to allocate 500 million ECUs (\$580 million)

for prajects linked in the

Israeli-Palestinian peace pro-

"Unfortunately, we learned

at the last minute that the

meeting, which was to have

produced a joint document,

could not take place," a high-

ranking E.C. nfficial told AFP.

about these types of projects," the official said. "This is nnly a

postponement.

autonomy accord.

"We must have a dialogue

PLO Chairman Yasser Ara-

fat will visit EC headquarters

in Brussels on Monday and

Tuesday.

Diplomats said he would be

seeking reassnrances that the

community would continue to

lend political and economic

support to the Israel-PLO

Mr. Arafat is scheduled to

lunch with foreign ministers

from the 12-nation community

Monday. The diplomats said

he would be asked about the

PLO's suspension of the auton-

omy negotiations last Tuesday.

or a concrete project.

told AFP.

jects.

nical not a political, issue.

told AFP on Friday.

Israel's foreign ministry

told Reuters it was crucial tn get aid flowing immediately into the areas to prevent a vacuum arising when Israel withdraws its military adminis-

The PLO took a step towards creating the conditions to receive economic aid hy appointing a 14-member eco-nomic council for development and construction on Thursday, including Palestinians from inside and outside the territories.

But diplomats from some donor countries said they were worried that the council would he beaded by PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat personally with two of his closest aides in Tunis, Farouk Kaddoumi and Mahmoud Ahbas, as vice-pres-

"Once again, Arafat wants to keep his hands on the purse

strings and run everything in a highly centralised, personal way. That is not a recipe for efficiency," one diplomat said.
The chief PLO delegate to

the Paris talks, Abu Ala (Ahmad Quries), was named executive director of the council. East Jerusalem academic Sari Nusseibeh will be his de-

Diplomats said the cashstrapped PLO, deprived of most of its Arab funds since it sympathised with Iraq in the Gulf war, wanted to use some aid money for its own running costs, but donor nations wanted to restrict use to projects in the territories.

They said the EC delegation was particularly firm, stressing European taxpayers' money would not replace Gulf nil dollars in funding the PLO's Tunis bureaucracy.

PLO leader implicates Israel in Tunis spy case

DUBAI (R) — The Palesti-nian leader who signed the electricity to Palestine Liberation Organisation's (PLO) historic accord with Israel linked Israel Thursday to a man suspected of spying on the PLO's Tunis headquarters. PLO Executive Committee

member Mahmoud Abbas said suspected spy Adnan Yaseen planted two hngs in Mr. Abbas' office. Interviewed on United Arah

Emirates Television, Mr. Abbas first would not name Israel. But pressed by the interviewer he said: "This spying case could be in our favour because the Israelis

do not have trust in us and want to spy on us, and this is a point in our favour." It was the first hint from a

senior PLO official in Tunis that the Palestinian was suspected of spying for Israel.
Amman-based PLO officials said Mr. Yaseen had told interrogators he was recruited by Israel in Germany and France

Mr. Ahbas negotiated the PLO-Israel peace deal and later signed it for the PLO in Washington on Sept. 13.

Asked if the bugs belped Israel assess the PLO's thinking before it entered secret talks with the Jewish state, Mr. Abbas said: "The truth is that the hugs were placed only on Oct. 10 And were detected a week later by Tunisian intelli-

Mr. Yaseen apparently passed on information about the PLO in Tunis and names of people, including Palestinian leaders from the Israeli-occupied territories, who made public and secret visits to the PLO in Tunis in the past two years, Mr. Ahhas added.

A PLO statement earlier in Tunis confirming the arrest made no mention of Israel, saying only that Mr. Yaseen had been arrested on suspicion of spying for a foreign enemy.

'Adnan Yaseen was arrested for collaboration with enemy machinery," the statement said. Hakam Balawi, coordinator

of the PLO's security services and amhassador in Tunis, said in the statement that Mr. Yaseen "was an ordinary administrative attache at the PLO's office in Tunis.

"He had no work related tn major issues whether political or security and has no connection at all with the Palestinian security apparatus," Mr. Balawi said.

"His hehaviour aroused questions... and necessitated watching his movements which has resulted in his heing arrested and taken to trial for the punishment he deserves," he added.

U.S. troops to return to Mogadishu streets

MOGADISHU (Agencies) — U.S. troops hope a decision to send them back nn patrol in the streets of Mogadishu will end confusion about their role in Somalia.

Bnt a top U.N. relief official said the move, which is in-tended to stop militia gunmen hampering relief work, would have little impact if it were not accompanied by a policy of disarming militia gummen.

"The troops are a bit confused hy the ever-evolving policy," a senior U.S. military nfficial told Renters nn Friday. "They came bere to do a joh, not in sit around. Hopefully, now, we'll be able to do it."

The Pentagon said on Thursday the arrival in Somalia of 30 MIA1 tanks and 42 Bradley fighting vehicles, or armoured cars, and a company of 155-mm Howitzers, enabled American units to resume clearing roadblocks to let relief agen-

cies pass through. Some 7,600 U.S. troops in Somalia — an additional 19,300, including 3,700 Marines are offshore aboard ships - have largely been confined to base following attacks by rival factions on U.N. patrols. More than 70 U.N. troops have been killed.

U.N. military officials said the Americans would return in force to the Mogadishu streets within days hnt no one appeared to have an exact date for the operation.

Relief workers, however, cautionsly welcomed the U.S. decisioo to redeploy. "There is a real need for the American troops to get back nn the streets," said one top U.N. relief official, who de-Brazil actor

says his wife

killed soap star

RIO DE JANEIRO (R)

Brazilian actor Guilherme Padua, who confessed in co

that he murdered his so

opera co-star Daniela Per

his wife who did the act

killing, Brazilian news med

De Padua now says his wi Paula, who was 19 and pa

gnant at the time, had an argument with Ms. Perez, Glot

Television reported Thursday De Padua said that he knocks

Mr. Perez ont, and that Pan

then grabbed a pair of scissor

and stabbed the 22-year-ol

beauty. When asked by a n porter whether Paula had k

ed Perez by herself. De Pada

replied: "How could she bl

her by herself? We are bot responsible for the crime.

Bad moods linked

WASHINGTON (AP) Americans susceptible to for

moods are more likely to be

smokers, and the moodies

men also tended to be heavy

drinkers, government health researchers reported. "These

findings suggest that emotional

well-being may play a role in cigarette smoking and heavy drinking," said a study by Charlotte A. Schoenborn and

John Horm of the National

Centre for Health Statistics.

Some 43,782 adults were asked

in an extensive 1991 bealth

survey if they had felt negative.

moods such as depression,

boredom, anxiety or loneliness

in the previous two weeks.

Overall, the survey indicated

at least one negative mood

per cent more likely to

smoke; the depressed were 4

to 50 per cent more likely ir

light up. The moodiest me

were three times as likely to b

no relationship between nega-

tive moods and heavy drinking

for women. They defined-

heavy drinking as three; o,

more drinks a day for men and

two or more for women. Be

cause of the large size of the

error was just one to two per

survey, its standard margin o.

heavy drinkers, the centre

said. But the researchers found

million men often experienced a

during the two weeks before the being interviewed. More than 8 million had frequent bouts of

three or more of the bad feel ings. Lonely adults were 60 x

to smoking and

drinking

last December, now says it

reported. The brutal stable of Mr. Perez last Decemb, shocked and fascinated Brallians. On the prime-time so opera "De Corpo E Alm (Of Body And Soul), Merez played the sexy Yasm and De Padua ber jealo, boyfriend. Despite De Padua ber jealo, boyfriend. Despite De Padua tolaim in court in January the acted alone, both he and lawife were jailed while awaith trial. Police said they has strong evidence against has wife, Paula. The case is pected to go to trial next yellow Padua now says his wi

clined to be named. "Somalis are carrying guns openly on the streets again and technical vehicles — pick-ups mounted with guns — have been sighted in the city as before the December intervention by U.S. forces," he added.

"But a return to the streets must be accompanied by a policy of disarmament. Without such a policy. I don't know what will be accomplished," he

About 3,600 U.S. sailors and Marines sailed away Thursday from Mogadishu in the continuing U.S. withdrawal and Somali clan leaders met with U.N. officials to discuss ways to improve security in the capital. About 7,500 U.S. troops remained, with an additional 8,650 offshore.

The famine in Somalia is nver, the American Red Cross declared Thursday, hut it said a long recovery lies ahead for a country that still has no nation-

al government.
"In contrast to scenes of violence in Mogadishu, else-where in Somalia people are focused nn rehuilding their lives," the rehef agency said in a brief summary of the International Red Cross's year-long effort in the country.

It said the current harvest is a good one and "Somalia is emerging from two years of vicious and debilitating civil

Police raid Kurd centres; **Bonn studies PKK ban**

BONN (AFP) - Police raided Kurdish centres across Germany Friday after a wave of firebomh attacks on Turkish interests, while the govern-ment of Chancellor Helmut Kohl said it was seriously considering hanning the Kurdish Labour Party (PKK) held re-sponsible for the onslaught,

An interior ministry spokes-man said 46 people had been arrested following the attacks, and the Mainz prosecutor's office said eight people had been charged with breaching the peace in connection with the offensive.

One person died and eight most serious attack Thursday on a Turkish-frequented restaurant in Wiesbaden.

The spokesman said nine other people, including a policeman, were also hurt in the closely-coordinated series of assaults mounted across Germany and Western Europe.

Several of those arrested were caught in the act of throwing Molotov cocktails, and one was arrested in hospital with burns, officials said.

The federal prosecutor's office in Karlsruhe, which is in charge of terrorism cases, said it had issued 14 search warrants, mostly in the state of North Rhine-Westphalia, where there were 21 attacks in

14 towns. But the interior ministry and individual states had also launched actions, with searches reported in Bonn, Munich, Nuremberg, Ingoldstadt and

Police smashed down the

door of the Kurd-Ha news agency in Dusseldorf and took away journalists' computers, printers, addresses and telephone numbers, as well as documents, a staff member told AFP.

The agency has been a source of information on the activities of the militant Kurdish independence move-

The agency's director, Fatma Sincer, was detained for interrogation but later re-

The Kurd-Ha source said 100 to 150 homes and offices had been raided as part of the security drive in Hamburg, Bielefeld, Bremen, Frankfurt and Cologne. There are numerous Kurdish cultural centres in Germany, which has a Turkish population of 1.8 million, about one third of them Kurds.

There had also been raids in Sweden and Switzerland, the source said.

Government spokesman Dieter Vogel said Mr. Kohl considered those responsible for the Molotov cocktail attacks on Turkish diplomatic missions, banks, airline offices, travel agencies, restaurants and other establishments as 'criminals.'

Mr. Vogel said the govern-ment was "seriously considermg" hanning the PKK. Ahuse of hospitality" hy Kurds in Germany could not be tolerated, he said.

Foreign Minister Klans Kinkel said Thursday that it was now time to ban the PKK. while Interior Minister Manfred Kanther said he did not rule out such a move.

four who met with King Fahd last month include Tawfik Al

Sheik, secretary-general of the

reform movement, and three

other movement officials: Isa

Ahmad, Jafer Al Shayeb and

Australian, Indian win Commonwealth **Writers Prizes** SINGAPORE (AP) - Nove

centage points.

ists from Australia and Indi were the overall winners in thi ... year's Commonwealth Writer Prize. Arthur Miller, 56, wh won the best book award, re ceived £10,000 (\$14,706) for The Ancestor Game. Mis Githa Hariharan, 38, whos book The Thousand Faces O Night examined traditional relationships in male-dominate: Hindu society, was awarde £3,000 (\$4,412) for best fin book. Their novels were chosen from eight shortliste for the two prizes. The mind member panel of judges will memb headed hy Singapore Ambasador-At-Large Tommy Kob

Youth gets jall. term for breaking Into data bases

NEW YORK (R) - A 2J year-old man was sentenced t one year in prison for his rol in a group that broke into som. of the most sensitive competers used by telephone con panies and credit reportings: vices. Mark Ahene 9 Einhurst, New York, who caled himself Phiber Optik, ht. pleaded guilty in July to on. count of conspiracy and one i tampering with Southwester. Bell's computer. He was the in the huge 1991 compan break-in scheme to admit con mitting the crimes.

Saudi Shiite dissidents make deal with government Mr. Abu Hamad said the

DHAHRAN (AP) — Saudi Arabia's Shiite Muslim dissidents, for years seen as a possible vanguard for Iranian-inspired sabotage, are coming back into the fold.

The kingdom has pardoned its exiled Shiite opponents and pared following last month's they, in turn, have closed down their newsletters and ceased public criticism of the government, officials in the region said.

And in New York, a researcher for the human rights group Middle East Watch said Wednesday that the Saudi government released more than 30 Shirte detainees on July 25 almost the total number of imprisoned Shilte dissidents.

In a previously unreported development, four top exiles - including the leader of the main Shiite opposition group - returned to the kingdom and met with King Fahd in early October, said the researcher, Aziz Abu Hamad.

The Shiite community in Saudi Arabia, which is concentrated in the oil-rich Eastern Province, has been estimated tn number anywhere from 300,000 tn 700,000. Saudi Arahia has a population of 17 million — 12 million citizens and five million foreign

workers. Animosity between Shiites and the majnrity Sunni Muslims dates back centuries and was spurred in Saudi Arabia by persecution of the Shiites by the puritanical Wahhabite Sunm sect in the 18th century.

The Sunni-dominated government's suspicion of Shiites was beightened by the 1979 franian revolution that hrought a Shiite fundamentalist government in power in Tehran.

The government's recent moves at reconciliation apparently are partially aimed at improving its image in the West, where this theocratic kingdom is aften portrayed as being harsh on opponents. A reconciliation with Shute

dissidents also is in line with the rapprochement between Tehran and Riyadh over the past three years.

Officials speaking on condi-tion of anonymity confirmed that Interior Ministry representatives have met in London with members of the loose-knit Shiite reform movement. The nfficials said the group

stopped publishing its Arabiclanguage newsletter, called Arabian Peninsula, and halted its attacks on the Riyadh government. It also agreed to balt another newsletter, the English-language Arabian Monitor, published in Washington. Those two were the only

Saudi Shiite newsletters pub-

In return, the government

freed Shiites held in Saudi prisons and took a number of dissidents off the travel blacklists, allowing exiles to return. It also removed travel bans that prevented some dissidents leaving the country. Mr. Abu Hamad said the 30

released Shiites included several who were serving long prison terms and four who had been condemned to death in connection with bomb attacks on oil facilities in 1988. Mr. Abu Hamad, who said

he obtained his information from government sources in Saudi Arahia as well as sources within the Shiite dissident movement, said the government also promised the Shutes it would consider a number ni

longstanding demands.

These include ending discrimination nn hiring Shiites in sensitive jnbs in government and in the oil industry and allowing greater freedom for Shiite religious practices. Mr. Ahu Hamad said the

new reconciliatinn could also be due to the emergence of a Sunni opposition. "The government probably feels it wants to face the Sunni

fundamentalists without hav-

ing to worry about the other

dissident groups," he said.

Sadeq Mohammad. The four have returned from their exile in London and The deal apparently was sealed with the help of the Sandi ambassador in London, Ghazi Al Gasaibi — who has been at pains to polish the image of his

kingdom Saudi Arabia's rulers recently have expressed irritation that their government is por-trayed in the West as unbending and medieval.

They complain that this is the result of an erroneous interpretation of Islam, whose tenets guide almost every government action in the

Crnwn Prince Ahdullah complained to university professors of the "distortion of the image of Islam in the view of the West and the East, where many people now look upon a Muslim as a terrorist."

"Freedom is guaranteed for all Saudis without discrimination," he said, adding that we we work tirelessly to make our society an exemplary one in all aspects of life."



